

The indications are that it will be fair and warmer tonight and Wednesday; light variable winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 25 1906

5 O'CLOCK

PRICE ONE CENT

# PRIMARIES OPEN

## Great Interest Centers in the Congressional Fight

### Excitement Almost Equal to That of Election Day — The Closing Rallies Held Last Night—Other Notes

The primaries are on. Don't forget to vote.

Promptly at 12 o'clock this noon the 27 polling places of the city opened for business and they will remain open until 9 o'clock this evening.

At this writing there was little or no excitement about the polling places and the party hustlers had not gotten down to business.

The election betting is very light considering the interest in the several contests and is confined to small bets.

The basement of city hall was a busy place this morning when City Clerk Doherty and his assistants started the work of getting the ballot boxes and other paraphernalia ready and shipping them in charge of police officers to the different polling places. There was every old kind of a job wagon lined up on the Moody street side of city hall for each polling place necessitated a wagon.

There was a police officer to each wagon to look after the opening of the envelopes, these to be relieved by others later in the day.

The ballot boxes were sent to each polling place one for regular duty and the second an emergency box. There are about 25,000 voters in Lowell and the city clerk sent out 11,545 democratic and 11,555 republican ballots in all, so that they will be enough to go around. The smallest number of ballots sent to one precinct was 25, while the largest number was 75.

The counting of ballots will not begin until after the close of the polls at 8 o'clock and it will be midnight before the first returns arrive at city hall. Under the present census laws the precinct officers return the ballots to the city clerk as on election day.

Before starting out to vote find out where you are to go to vote and thus avoid confusion for many voters will find that their polling places have been changed since last year.

**THAT BILLERICA CONFERENCE.**

A morning paper stated today that Ames had won the first round by carrying the delegates in BillERICA last evening. There was but a preliminary conference at which Dunbar made no contest. The real outcome is being held today, same as in the other towns.

#### NOTICE

We cordially invite you to call and have your eyes examined any day or evening. Glasses right. Price right.

Yours very truly,

**Caswell Optical Co.**  
23 Bridge St., Rundle Bldg., Merrimack sq.

"Imagine Frederick T. Greenhalge asking the speaker for a certificate of character to tell his constituents he has been a good Congressman. We know the service our Congressman renders, and I BELIEVE THE DISTRICT IS NOW DEMANDING A CHANGE AND THAT IN WHY I AM SUPPORTING FRANK E. DUNBAR."

EX-Congressman Knox

**MANTLES**  
CHIMNEYS, SHADES, GLOBES, ETC.

All Kinds and Prices at  
**WELCH BROS.**  
61 MIDDLE STREET

Interest Begins Oct. 1  
Savings Department

**TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK**

Hours, daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.  
Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

The full list of delegates chosen in convention, Edward P. Dickinson, 1883; Chester H. Howe, congressional, 1884; Joseph A. Bull, Archie Ritchie, councilor, Joseph Jaquith, Thomas M. Clark, county and registrar of deeds, Fred H. Parker, John Brown, senatorial, Warren Holden, Charles H. Kohlrausch, representative, C. A. D. Smith, Dr. Charles E. Hosmer, Franklin Jaquith, Herbert S. Russell, Joseph Brown, Wm. Chambers.

The town committee nominated is as follows: Frederick S. Clark, Joseph P. Taylor, William Chambers, William P. Maxwell, Thomas Talbot, John Brown, Archie Ritchie, John E. Stott, William McBride, Dr. Charles E. Hosmer, John A. Richardson, Sydney A. Bull, George P. Greenwood, Albert A. Richardson, Fred H. Parker, Clarence A. Bowman, Warren Holden, F. A. D. Smith.

#### AMES AND DUNBAR BUST.

Both congressional candidates were kept on the jump last night for each addressed a number of rallies, going from place to place in automobiles. Congressman Ames opened his meetings with a rally that was both unique and picturesque. He addressed the many employees of large local houses at 5:30 o'clock just as the men finished their day's work. The men gathered in Fayette street under the big trees at the office and awaited the coming of the congressman. When he arrived they cheered him lustily and standing on the steps of the office entrance he addressed them. He was accompanied by private Secretary Leggett, Major A. D. Milton. He also addressed rallies at the German club, Plain street; Highland hall, Old Fellows' hall, Bridge street; Centralville Social club, Vincent hall, and Paxtonville Social club.

Mr. Dunbar addressed rallies at St. Louis hall, Centralville; C. M. A. C. hall and the Branch Street engine house. At the C. M. A. C. hall one of the speakers was Dr. A. M. Martin of Holyoke who made a big hit by his eloquence. An amusing incident happened when Mr. Dunbar was approaching the C. M. A. C. hall in his auto. A crowd of boys with noise-making implements and carrying banners lined the street. "Vote for Ames" came along and shouting the identity of the occupant of the motor. "Three cheers for Dunbar," shouting for the time the candidate whom they had started out to beat.

## THE LADDER FELL

And Joseph McGirr Dropped 20 Feet

WHILE AT WORK AT CITY HALL

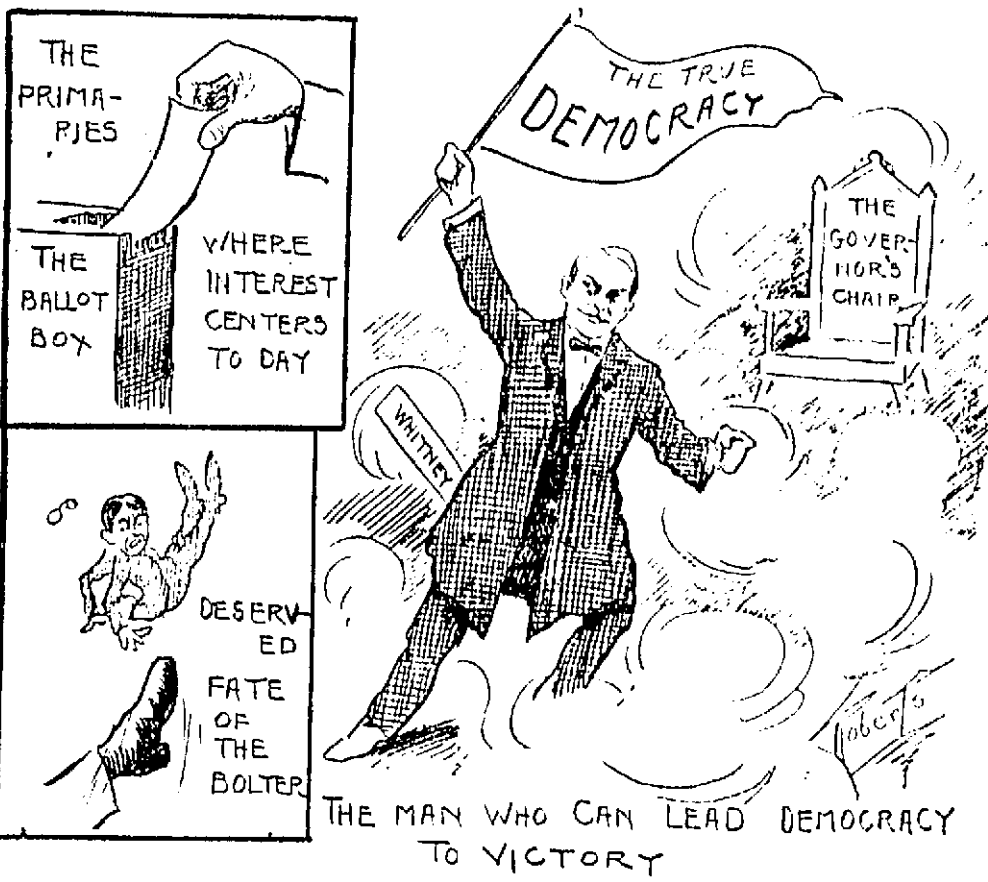
Received a Severe Shaking Up

Joseph McGirr, an employee of the New England Telephone company, received a bad fall while at work in city hall this morning and was quite severely shaken up. He was on a ladder on the top floor putting in wires and was on the top of a 30-foot ladder when the bottom of the ladder slipped from its position and the ladder slid down throwing McGirr to the floor with considerable force. He was picked up and carried into Major Allen's office where he recovered his senses in a few moments and Dr. McAviney was summoned from across the street to attend him. McGirr was able to walk about in a few minutes but complained of a soreness over his right hip. After being examined by the doctor he went to his home and it is not believed that he was seriously injured though badly shaken up. The ladder struck the floor with such force as to snap off one of the sides.

## SILVER WEDDING

Observed by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hoyt

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hoyt of 153 A street, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt are natives of St. Stephens, N. B. A sister and brother of Mrs. Hoyt who were present at the original wedding in 1881 were present last evening. There were many guests from out of town, including Miss Car-



POLITICAL SKETCHES OF THE HOUR

## TEXTILE SCHOOL IN POLICE COURT

Opened With Increased Attendance Today's Session a Short One

NEW BRANCHES ADDED

To the Course of Study This Year

FOR NEW YORK

NEW STYLE ELECTRIC CAR LEFT LOWELL

The Lowell and Northern street railway's excursion to New York left Merrimack square at 12 o'clock today. One hundred cars, seven of and especially arranged accommodated the Lowell party. The excursionists will return Friday.

**BUTLER AMES**

Is Opposed by the Railroads.

**Why?**

Start the Day Right  
Jennison's Imperial Tooth Powder

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# BIG MILITARY RAID

## On Negroes at Atlanta and 257 Arrested

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Declaring that the negroes in this city were plotting to break through the lines and attack the city, the military police of the city have today raided the homes of the negroes and arrested 257 of them. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police.

**TWO NEGROES SHOT IN FIGHT WITH OFFICERS TODAY.**

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Two negroes were killed today in a fight with officers. The negroes had been arrested and were being taken to the city hall. The officers were not wounded.

**250 ARRESTED**

RAID OF MILITARY ON NEGROES THIS MORNING

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—One negro was killed in a fight with officers today. The negro was shot in the back of the head and died. The officers were not wounded. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police. The raid was made in the early morning hours and the military police were aided by the city police.

## Thin Blood

Experience count anything with you? Then what do you think of 80 years' experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Sixty years of curing thin blood, weak nerves, general debility! We wish you would ask your own doctor about this. Ask him to tell you honestly what he thinks it will do for your case. Then do precisely as he says.

CLOAKS FALL FURS

# OPENING

Ladies of Lowell and Vicinity:— After months of preparation we are ready with a complete showing of all the new effects and styles that will be worn the coming fall and winter.

## OPENING DAYS

Wednesday, Sept. 26—Thursday, Sept. 27 and Friday, Sept. 28—Open Fri. Night

We extend to you a cordial invitation to be present. Come and bring your friends.

## NEW YORK CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY

SKIRTS 12 John Street WAISTS

## Rare Opportunity

TO PURCHASE

## A FINE RESIDENCE

In Centralville

The undersigned having moved into his new residence in Belvidere offers his former home at 129 Front street for sale. The premises consist of a large two and one-half story house with a fine stable on a nicely graded and stone curbed double lot of land containing 11,600 square feet. The house is in first-class condition throughout. It has twelve good rooms besides an attic room, pantry and modern bath room. The plumbing is modern and first class in every particular. The steam heating plant consists of a fine steel boiler, set in brick with ten radiators, piped in the best possible manner. Cellar bottom cemented and sub-drained. Walks and driveway concrete and lot front curbed with granite.

The stable is one of the finest on the hill. The carriage house is constructed and drained into the street sewer. There are three stalls (one a box stall) fine harness room and a finished room for a hostler, together with all the facilities necessary for a high grade stable. The location is slightly airy and healthy and the street cars are within one minute's walk of the house. There are several nice fruit and shade trees and an excellent lawn.

To build such a home today with the prevailing price of labor and material would cost nearly double the sum for which I am willing to sell. Further particulars will be cheerfully given to anyone desirous of buying such a residence.

APPLY AT SUN OFFICE, TELEPHONE 269; Very respectfully, JOHN H. HARRINGTON.







# DAMMING THE RIVER

## Operations in Progress Below Manchester, N. H.

### To Procure Water Power for a New Cotton Mill—The Project Somewhat of a Mystery

The following story is from the Manchester Phoenix.

For months a force of men has been at work in the bed of the Merrimack at a point two miles below Goffs Falls bridge at what is known as the lower rapids. Mr. Moses's Falls, and a great deal of money has been expended and why they were doing it has been the subject of much speculation among the dwellers in the towns of Littlefield and Merrimack and many conjectures have been made. Though it is now known so that it can be said that a dam will be thrown across the river at this point, and it is believed that the power will be utilized to drive the wheels of a cotton mill that is to be erected there.

From what can be learned from the following project are L. M. Jones of Littlefield, R. H. Spaulding, H. N. Spaulding and W. H. Dodge of Boston and a Mr. Chamberlain, and it is understood that the operations toward the construction of the dam and mill will be begun as soon as the data secured by the engineers have been worked up and plans and specifications completed.

The men interested looked over the site late last spring and thought it a favorable one for their project. They began work to secure the needed land on which to erect the dam and the foundations of the dam and to afford a site for their proposed building. They succeeded in securing a tract of land on the west side of the river and it is reported they opened negotiations with James Corning of Littlefield for a two-acre tract on the east side of the river. It is said

that Mr. Corning was reluctant to part with his land unless he knew what the purpose of the purchase was, and who they were. After some delay he was told what the project was under the seal of secrecy and was given the names of two men who were interested. When it was rumored that he had sold two acres of land at this point, the neighbors began to talk of the matter and many tried to induce Mr. Corning to relate what he knew of the matter, but without avail.

Not being able to find out definitely regarding the matter most people, after much speculation, concluded that it was the Manchester Traction, Light and Power company which had bought the land to be used in connection with the Littlefield and Hudson railroad.

Along in June a force of men appeared on the scene and began working in the river bed. Again the public became curious and sought to find out what was doing. This gang of men was non-committal and people who came about were ordered away and threatened with prosecution as trespassers if they did not go at once.

A survey of the river bed north from that point well up to the outlet of the lower canal here was made and the line of places to show the levels was soon dotted the river bank at intervals along the way. A machine drill was later set up and cores were taken from a row of holes across the possible site of the dam so that the character of the rock that forms the river bed at this point could be determined and an estimate of the cost of putting in the foundations of a dam could be made with some degree of exactness.

The preliminary work of this nature is now practically completed, and all who are cognizant of what has been done so far are anxiously awaiting a specific announcement of how extensive a manufacturing plant will be erected at this site. From what can be learned the levels taken by the engineers have determined that a head of water equivalent to a fall of twenty-two feet can be obtained by the dam that they plan to build. They will have to guard against the erection of a higher dam as back water would bother the mills here should the dam be too high and to those who are familiar with the river at the proposed site of this dam it would seem that to get a fall of twenty-two feet on a stretch of river would be about as high as it would be built.

The men who are interested in this project made a close examination of the dam and power house at Goffs Falls on the job of May, and, they evidently intend to build a similar dam as they were most favorably impressed with what they saw there.

A United reporter visited the site of the proposed dam but could find no one about the place at work. Some tools were there, among which were noted a set of pointed sounding rods of iron or steel, and the appliances for driving them. The reporter struck the base line of the survey that has been made, in ascertaining the fall that existed in the river, at its upper end, on the east side of the river, and though but little chopping was done in clearing the way through the brush to enable the transit man to get his sights the trail was easy to follow by any one used to looking for "blazes." Every 100 feet was

marked with a narrow stake bearing the number of the section and after following the line over 3000 feet the reporter saw two sets of batter boards, one on each side of the river.

The batter boards on the east side are set on the line of the river and are placed 10 feet from the initial line of the dam. The river bed at this point is wide and stony with large boulders scattered about. The east bank can be seen the remains of the old lock through which the river passes around the rapids when the river runs flooded freely and general protest before the advent of the railroad.

From the appearance and size of these batter boards it may be said that they were set in place to mark a little higher than the surface and a close examination shows that its underpinning is a deep trench. The river rock on the east side of the river runs up and down the river bed and the general condition of the river bed at this point is such as to be crossed the river diagonally, a little west of north.

The main channel of the river at the present stage of water is on the west side of the river and as it flows over the ledge the sound of the water on the stream can plainly be seen. Just above the upper end of this channel a large boulder rests on the bank of the river and on its top is fixed a red flag for a marker.

While no plans have been made public regarding the dam that is to be built at this point it looks now to the casual observer that when this dam is built it will show a structure of some of about the shape of a horse shoe broken in half at the toe. At this spot the railroad runs along the river and if a dam was to be built at this spot it looks as if a heavy wall of masonry extending 400 feet or more in length would be a feature of it and that into this wall the west end of the dam would be built and extending east diagonally on a line with the ledge that crosses the channel here, for a third of the way across. It would then curve toward the south and east resting its lower end on an abutment built at a point near the east side of the lower ledge.

Should a dam be built here, giving twenty-two feet head to the water which is working the full capacity of the river an enormous power could be developed probably using ten horse power.

The river is low now and unless there should be sudden heavy rains to raise it the present time would be about the best that could be had for the beginning of the preliminary work of putting in this dam.

The banks of the river at this point are high, and there is but little low land along the river until a point well north of the Manchester line is reached and the only question of how high, within reason the dam could be built, would be that of setting the water back so as to block the fall of the wheels on the waterfalls here.

There is undoubtedly a great power to be developed in the Merrimack at this point.

#### MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Leonard Balanger and Miss Kate O'Leary were married yesterday forenoon at 105 Chestnut street, by Rev. Harry Taylor.

Mr. Balanger is a member of the Philathea class and Mr. O'Leary of the Barbra class of the First Baptist church.

The happy couple left the city on the 11:30 train to Boston and vicinity. On their return they will reside in this city.

#### White Clothes Should be White

If you do not use anything in your washing water but soap you will find that the clothes will turn yellow in time. To prevent this, use TALBOT'S AMMONIA. It is inexpensive and will pay for itself in the first washing. Ammonia also softens hard water.

Per Pint 10c

#### TALBOT'S 40 Middle St.

"PURE GOODS SOLD HERE"

#### COMPLETE BED ROOM OUTFIT

12 yds. Matting	\$2.40
Rockers, cane seat	1.50
10-inch Granite Rug	.75
2 Cane Seat Chairs	2.00
2 16x22 Colored Portieres	1.95
Commode (solid oak)	1.30
Bow and Basin	1.00
Bureau (solid oak)	8.00
Table	1.25
Clock	.98
Lamp	.35
2 pairs Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds. long	3.00
4-6 Iron Beds	3.75
Woven Wire Spring	2.50
Soft Top Mattress	2.75
	\$36.69

The whole outfit for

\$29.99

\$5.00 Down, \$1.00 a Week.

Bellefontaine & Co.  
197-199 Middlesex St.  
See our Ranges before buying.  
Old ones taken on trade.

## AUTO A WRECK FIREBUG IS BUSY

### Two Police Officers Seriously Injured Three Fires in Boston's North End

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 25.

Frank E. Demers and Lawrence Durand, members of the New Bedford police force, are at the Rhode Island hospital unconscious and in a precarious condition as the result of an auto accident which occurred in this city at 10 o'clock last evening. Professor Eugene H. Vign of the Park hotel, New Bedford, invited the officers to accompany him to Central Falls in his auto, promising to get them home early last night. The party came to this city before starting home.

On Silver Spring avenue Vign turned out to avoid a wagon, and ran forward against the curb, throwing his guests upon their heads. They were badly cut by the temple. Efforts to revive them proved fruitless, and an ambulance conveyed both to the hospital.

Each had sustained a fracture of the skull, and their injuries will probably result fatally. Demers' chest is crushed, the broken ribs having punctured his lung. His left knee and right thumb are dislocated. The common pugilist at operation. Durand was operated upon for fracture of the skull, but his condition is not hopeful.

Vign hung to the automobile and is unhurt. The carriage is a complete wreck.

#### BOXING GOSSIP

THE FOLLOWING BOUTS ARE SCHEDULED FOR THIS WEEK.

TUESDAY.  
At Belmont vs. Mike Maloney, and Billy Connerty vs. Johnny Mahan, Lynnville, R. I.

WEDNESDAY.  
Dave Deshler vs. Young Ernie, Jim Lloyd vs. J. Mahan and Fred O'Brien vs. Al Bates, Lincoln club, Chelsea.

THURSDAY.  
Kid Sealer vs. Phil Knight, Lewis, Mont.  
Jim Potts vs. Harry Lewis, Terra Haute.

FRIDAY.  
Jimmy Gardner vs. Rubie Smith, Denver.  
Dick Hyland vs. Eddie Hanson, San Francisco.

SATURDAY.  
Joe Thomas vs. Harry Lewis, Philadelphia.  
Marvin Hart vs. Mike Schreck, Bellevue, Ky.

Interest of boxing fans is this week centered on contests to be held at the Lincoln A. C., Chelsea, Wednesday night.

Young Ernie of Philadelphia, who is to meet Dave Deshler of Cambridge in the main bout of 15 rounds has never been seen here, but judging from his record, he is a tough proposition, having made good against such boxers as Neary, Arthur, Young Corbett and others.

He is very fast and clever and has always made a hit wherever he has boxed. Deshler met him once in Philadelphia, but as that bout was limited to six rounds, the Cambridge boy was handicapped as he is not a short distance boxer. With the limit of 15 rounds, Deshler feels confident that he can defeat Ernie.

Friends of the latter claim that Ernie can keep up his gait for 15 rounds just as well as he can for six rounds and they look to see Ernie put Deshler away. They will probably be disappointed in this, for although Deshler has not just as much speed as Ernie, he is likely to be, he has never taken the count.

Deshler now is a better boxer in every way than he was when he fought Ernie in the Quaker city, and his friends figure he will get the award. Since he began training under the direction of Sam Langford, he has been showing great speed and cleverness, and hits hard with both hands. It will be an interesting contest. The semifinal and opening bouts will also be good.

Jimmy Gardner who is to meet Rubie Smith at Denver Friday night, is reasonably sure of winning. He knocked out Smith in five rounds in Denver a couple of years ago, and his trainer is a better boxer today than Gardner was then it ought to be easy for him to repeat.

According to the bookings of Mike Schreck's manager, Schreck has two bouts on for this week. He may throw up the one with Rogers in Terra Haute on Wednesday night so that he will be all right when he meets Marvin Hart in Kentucky Saturday afternoon. They appeared in a four-round bout in New York last year and those who saw it declared it to be one of the poorest exhibitions they ever witnessed. Hart has not done any boxing since Tommy Burns made him look like a novice in Los Angeles and the bout on Saturday will probably be nothing more than a slugging affair.

Dick Hyland is very apt to get a bad bump when he goes against Eddie Hanson in San Francisco Friday night. The latter is clever and knows more about the game than Hyland. The latter has a good punch and keeps boring in all the time.

The authorities in Chicago would not let Battling Nelson box in the theatre in that city, so he had to give wrestling exhibitions. Billy Nolan claims it was a case of spite.

Sam Rogers is going to start for San Francisco today to meet Jack O'Brien about their proposed match.

Al Kaufman will probably have for his next opponent Jim Barry, the heavyweight that John L. Sullivan discovered. A Spokane club has made them an offer.

Kid Goodman has received and accepted an offer to box Steve King in Davenport, Oct. 9.

Young Lenny of South Boston, who boxed in several preliminary bouts at Chelsea, is in Montreal looking for a match. Alf Lynch of Quebec has received an offer to box him in Montreal. Harry Edels was not under the management of Steve Mahoney when he fouled Cate at Haverhill the other night. Mahoney gave Edels his release before the bout because he did not like the way Edels had been acting.

Jack Johnson, who is now in Philadelphia, is again after a bout with Al Kaufman, who is also in the Quaker city.

Joe Jeannette and George Cole have been signed by a Lawrence club to box 12 rounds in a couple of weeks.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Three incendiary fires in North End tonight destroyed within 40 minutes the residence of that section about 11 o'clock last night and kept the firemen on the jump. Two of the fires were discovered while in the incipient stage, and were extinguished with slight damage and with little danger to the lives of the occupants, but the third was in a large tenement block, 72 to 77 Egleston street, in the rear of St. Mary's parochial school, and it placed in peril the lives of more than 20 men, women and children.

The firebug applied the torch in the basement in each instance. Little trouble was experienced by the person who set the fires in making entrance to the cellars, as the doors of nearly all the houses were unlocked, and there was practically a free entrance to the basement.

Gathering up whatever waste paper, rags or kindling were close at hand, the fire was ignited, and then the firebug awaited developments. Defeated in his first attempt, he made a second, and when this was discovered he made a third blaze in a house far enough away from the firemen so that the fire might gain good headway.

The firemen and police of the North End are anxious regarding the fires, as last Tuesday night two incendiary fires within a short distance of each other were started about midnight.

Pennsylvania has already sent three men to the hospital squad.

Harvard's two seasons a day will come to an end Wednesday.

Knox college in Galesburg, Ill., has dropped football for the soccer game.

The Harvard gridiron has been moved seven yards down the field from the horseshoe end of the stadium.

The tackling dumfries at Harvard, William Russell and "Anna Field," are being renovated, and will be called into play this week.

"Bob" Kennan, the former Harvard captain and coach, took second place in the Canadian championship high jump on Saturday.

Burr, Starr and Newhall, the three "IT" men eligible for the team who have not yet come out, are expected to report early this week.

Five days of practice have been gone through at Harvard without an injury serious enough to keep a man away from the field. In former years there have always been three or four men laid up with bad shoulders in the first week.

Baseball notes

John Gansel will not go to Cincinnati next season.

Lincoln's (Neb.) center fielder is appropriately named Kitchum.

Bornier lost six games to Pittsburgh this year before landing one.

Monte Cross, it is reported, will next year manage a Tri-State league club.

Secretary Navin of Detroit now alleges that Armour was too lenient with the players.

"Chief" Zimmer will cut out managing next season, and be a southern league umpire.

George Stone of the St. Louis Americans has already made more hits than he made all last season.

Artie Latham will winter in Savannah, having obtained a situation with the Atlantic Coast line.

Fred Goldsmith, once the crack pitcher of the Chicago Nationals, is tending bar in Albuquerque, N. M.

Outfielder Harry Day of the Cleveland Indians is still troubled with his injured knee and is nursing it at his home in Peoria.

Fig "Cy" Young has not given a base in four of his last five games. In his last six games he struck out 10 men.

President Sedon recently had a communication from his former manager, Frank Seale, urging him to secure one of his sons.

Nashville, Little Rock, Shreveport and Montgomery were financial losers this year. Memphis was its most prosperous season.

McGlynn, the York (Pa.) pitcher, secured by the St. Louis Cardinals, lined 23 games out of 45, Corbitt 21 out of 22, Reising 19 out of 31, Dorschner 15 out of 27.

Frank Chance says that Fromme, the new pitcher of the St. Louis Nationals, secured from Springfield, Ill., is a very good man. In Fromme, Drue, Beebe, McGlynn, Karger and Brown McCloskey has a good string.

Coakley of the Athletics of Philadelphia will this fall matriculate in the dental department of the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Powers is anxious to devote all his time to study, in order that he may pass the state medical board.

Fred Collins led the Tri-State league in batting, with a percentage of 32, Scott of Johnston, second, with 32; Unglaub, 29; Hartley, 22; Schrieber, 20; Mike O'Neill, 26. Raymen of the Boston National league, hit for 22, Fred Clay for 20, Wolverton 25, Sebring 24.

"There's the luckiest man in baseball, bar none," says Jack Taylor, to Catcher Al Smith of the New York Nationals. "I bet he has played fewer games in the last 10 years than any other player in the world who has been steadily in harness. Always has a good job; never has to work."

Mike Kelley, the suspended American association manager, got around the rule in this wise: He had a spouse in the lower part of the grand stand cut out and covered with netting, just back of the players' bench. He sits under the stand and manages the players just as well as if he was on the bench.

Manager Donovan of the Wilkesbarre team of the New York State league has secured two new players who give much promise. They are Frank Carroll and Harry Burton of the Northern New York

## Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap  
A Metal Polish  
A Glass Cleaner

They are both from the Burlington (Vt.) team, Carroll being an outfielder and a heavy hitter and Burton a first baseman.

Land Latham's throw-down of the Chicago "Cubs" last week was the second throw-down that club had received in 25 games, and as Mr. Pfeffer followed that up with another victory, the Cubs went away with a record of three defeats in 25 games, and Boston administered two of those three defeats. That's something for which to remember the Boston team of 1906.

"I took an awful chance when I brought Powell and O'Connor back here," said McAlister of the St. Louis Browns the other day. "Every one who has been here said I was crazy to bother with them, and it would have been me to the jail if they had fallen down on the club. I have been singularly fortunate in getting good results out of men who enjoy the reputation of being hard to handle, and I'll take a chance with Kelley or any other good man whom I think would strengthen the Browns."

Chicago got going by landing Dougherty and Hahn. Neither addition cost much, says Langdon in the St. Louis Star. He says that if the Browns had secured one of those men, and stationed him alongside of Stone and Hephell, the artillery would have been strengthened fully 25 per cent.

All season long the Browns have been in the happy position of being able to crawl into, first, second or third position if the team had been just a little stronger. But the announcement stood pat, and now when the real battle is on, and it meets with some ill-fortune, the stuff is off.

#### NORTH CHELMSFORD

The canvasser will be held at the Centre town hall at 8 o'clock this evening and as there is great interest in the different contests a large vote is expected. A special car furnished by Mr. Dunbar will leave Adams square for the Centre at 7.10, while another furnished by

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#### OVER THE LINE

DEMOCRATS IN PELHAM NAME DELEGATES TO CONVENTION.

At the democratic caucus held in the town hall at Pelham, S. H., Saturday, the following delegates were elected:

To the state convention to be held at Concord, Sept. 25, E. Cheever Gage and P. M. Woodbury.

To the congressional and councillor convention to be held at Manchester, Sept. 26, Wm. D. Smith and Martin L. Jones.

To the senatorial convention to be held at Nashua, Sept. 27, Donald G. Burns and L. J. Blundell.

To the county convention at Nashua, Sept. 28, Henry E. Titcomb and Frank P. Gage.

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTRA COMPANY, 17 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## GOOD COAL

The Only Kind We Keep

That will burn freely, is the kind of coal I keep on hand at my yard, 53 Meadowcroft St. Nothing but the best grade. We buy of the Philadelphia & Reading and Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Companies.

Mill Kindling, Slab and Hard Wood for Stove and Fireplace on Hand Give Us A Call

W. T. GRIFFIN

Office and Wood Yard, 189 Appleton St.

Telephone 693-2

On presentation of this coupon and 59c at our store the holder will be entitled to a

Fountain Pen

Geo. H. Wood  
137 to 151 Central Street.

**LOWELL OPERA HOUSE**  
TODAY AND TOMORROW, Matinee and Night.  
William A. Brady's  
Production of  
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.—Special Bargain Matinee, 25c, 35c, 50c.  
Seats on Sale.

ONE NIGHT—THURSDAY, SEPT. 27TH.  
**GIRLS WILL BE GIRLS**  
With AL LEECH and the THREE ROSEBUDS.  
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Seats on sale Tuesday.

Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Sept. 28, 29.  
Julius Cahn Presents  
Harry Brown in  
Exactly as presented in the Garrick Theatre, New York.  
Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

**CAHN & GRANT**  
OWNERS-MANAGERS.  
TONIGHT AND TOMORROW, Matinee and Night.  
William A. Brady's  
Production of  
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.—Special Bargain Matinee, 25c, 35c, 50c.  
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When the World Looks Dark

**SCHENCK'S PILLS**  
and Life will be Bright and Happy  
For Sale Everywhere.  
25c a box, or by mail, DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Phila., Pa.



# McKENZIE KILLED



**Our Sale**

## News of the Sale of the Bell Co. Stock at 40 Cents on the Dollar the Cause

have left. The couple are supposed to be at their work at noon to find but the one in its carriage in the yard, and a note in the house telling of his wife's flight, and saying it would be of use to pursue her.

A friendly council resulted in the arrest of Mrs. Lamb, Mr. Jewett, making the aid of the state police. The facts and suspicious were referred to Chief Shaw and State Attorneys Smith and Grady were assigned to the case. They located the sitting couple in a South End lodging house, and last night, about midnight, accompanied by other officers of division 5, they visited the house and arrested Hunter and Mrs. Lamb on a statutory charge.

The couple will be arraigned in municipal court this morning.

## WED IN MONTREAL

### ASHUA POLICE WERE SEEKING COUPLE.

ASHUA, N. H., Sept. 25.—Chief of Police William W. Wheeler received word from Newport, Vt., yesterday afternoon that Miss Hattie Blanchard and Harry A. Blood, for whom he had been seeking, had left Friday for Montreal, where they were attending a marriage ceremony Friday evening.

The young woman was formerly employed in Brackett's shoe factory, and known for her beauty. Blood leaves a wife and two children, who are at her parents' home in Hollis. He was a married fireman. It is stated that no doubt will be made to bring the couple back.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 25.—Jack McKenzie of Philadelphia died in the ring at the Auditorium just before 11 o'clock tonight as the result of a right blow to the throat by Terry Martin of Philadelphia. The fatal blow was one in the latter part of the fifth round of what was to have been a fight of 15 rounds. Jack Sheehan of Boston was the referee.

According to some of the spectators after the ring, the right swing to the throat was immediately preceded by a left uppercut over the head, which landed up to the jaw. A black and white man, found over the heart, was one of the spectators that it was possible that McKenzie died from the kick of the uppercut.

The bout had been good as an exhibition, but there had not been a really effective blow struck, and not a trace of conflict could be seen on either man. The blow closed the round. McKenzie lay on his feet and apparently did not hit.

The ring sent the men to their corners, and Steve Mahoney turned his attention to his man, McKenzie, who lay lightly to his chair and rattled his teeth. He did not seem to be badly hurt.

Suddenly McKenzie pitched forward lay on the floor. Referee Sheehan hit his hand as a signal that the bout was over, and said to those about the ring: "It is a knockout."

There was a call for a doctor, and in a moment Dr. Lombard, Dodge, and the other doctors came to the ring.

Fighters in the country, and has been quite successful in his bouts.

The bout last night was before the Casco A. C. of this city. McKenzie had been in the city several days, and not expecting to take part in any boxing contest, had not observed any training regulations. He was therefore in rather poor physical condition when he came into the ring.

As men as Martin, the seconds, referee and managers reached the police station County Attorney Eaton was notified, and he at once began an investigation.

After a long conference county attorney Eaton and Marshal Waterhouse decided to hold Terry Martin, Jack Sheehan, Steve Mahoney, John McMann and Jack Caulley, who are the principal, referee, seconds and managers, until the inquest to be conducted by coroner May is ended. The charge is manslaughter.

---

## TERRY MARTIN

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WAS HELD IN BOND OF THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 25.—Terry Martin, of Philadelphia and the officials connected with the sporting exhibition at the auditorium last night in which Jack McKenzie of Philadelphia died a few minutes after the close of the fifth round

HAVERHILL, Sept. 25 The grand jury resumed its session in Lawrence today, when the investigation of the wording of the contract of the plans of the new \$165,000 high school will be continued.

First, Atty. Peters had evening heard testimony for witnesses, and among those who will appear as witnesses today are Councilmen Harry B. Lord, Councilman John L. Kemp and Inspector of Buildings Robert H. Mitchell. Attorney Frank R. Goodwin, the first witness heard by the grand jury, was summoned to appear again today as his brother, Leighton R. Goodwin, is latter having testified last Friday. State Officer Wells was also in town yesterday, summoning other witnesses.

First, Atty. Peters spring another examination last evening, when he summoned Daniel R. Tobney and John J. Murphy to attend the grand jury session today. Mr. Tobney is a candidate for the republican nomination for representative against Representative Wood in the 3d Essex District, and at night last Friday evening he charged \$1000 official with having used money year ago at a caucus in ward 2. He

Lowell,

far exceeds our expectations, which proves to us that the ladies of Lowell appreciate well made and high quality garments. You will find the same bargains offered today as on Monday and for the benefit of those who did not read our advertisement we again offer Tuesday morning, until 12 o'clock, 69c black sateen petticoats for

**29<sup>c</sup>**

**THE UNDERWEAR STORE**

**WHITE**

**114 MERRIMACK ST.**

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or official names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception. And whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

inmate conception was called administered the last rites of the church to the boys man. There was a striking scene. Even while the distracted duties of the office the doctors worked desperately to save the life of the dying Terry Martin, tears streaming from eyes, stood close by his friend and helped to fan him. He did all that he could, and did so with his efforts until Dr. Leonard Mackenzie was substituted at the last charge of the body. He took the place of the immediate witnesses, and stood an inquest in the morning. A post-mortem examination of the body was made in order to determine the exact cause of death. McKenzie was substituted at the last for Herman Miller, who was injured to box Terry Martin. McKenzie was not swift enough for after trained opponent, but he did a good deal and collected a show-bow championship.

The first round McKenzie sent a left to the face, and Martin replied a left to the jaw. Neither showed force. It was a good, swift, exhibition.

The second round was spirited, and McKenzie did good work. Martin got in a good punch, but McKenzie sent a left to the face, leaving a mark. There was little force to his Martin was very rapid and sent a left to the ropes.

In the third most of the work in this round got a staggering left to the jaw, but the fourth round found McKenzie sent a very good right to the jaw. Martin landed some good punches, and McKenzie the left to jaw, came the fatal fifth round. It was with a rush in the centre of the ring a give-and-take session. McKenzie fought well, and his last real punch was to the face, was well delivered. Then Martin sent a left to the jaw, and McKenzie sent a right swing took McKenzie's throat, and it was over.


Sheehan was overcome by a punch to the jaw, and Martin, when he saw that McKenzie was dead, sobbed as he bent a body.

McKenzie's wife took the matter under consideration and was concerned to meet or his office man and his brother, who acted as the manager. Steve Mahoney of Boston, Jack and John Caulley, the manager of the contest, went to the police immediately after McKenzie's

invoked by County Attorney William C. Eaton and the police.

Courier Walter G. Hay empanelled a jury and assigned the date for the inquest. In the opinion of the physicians, McKenzie, who was 26 years old and leaves a widow and one child, died from the effects of a blow over the heart, the location of which was indicated by his cobaltium. The same blow, a spectator said deflected and struck under the jaw.

The accident was said to be the first to result fatally in the local history of squatting. The spectators agreed that the blow was a clean one from the M-11 and was not brutal by any means. Not a drop of blood was brought. Morning papers expressed the belief that this will



## THE PROBLEM

Of settling on the purchase price of your winter's coal supply, resolves itself into deciding on relative merits of the commodity offered, for you will find the price about the same. My bid or favor rests upon full measure, honest weight, free-burning, clean coal with little ash and less slate or clinkering components. In addition I promise prompt delivery. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

**John P. Quinn**

**\$1 and \$1.25**

**DRESS GOODS**

**For 69c a yard**

**New Fabrics -- All Wool**

**For Fall and Winter Wear**

Our invoices from the mills show thousands of yards for you to choose from, of the newest and best all wool Dress Goods made for this season's wear. Remnants of the finest novelties made in this country including all the plain and fancy weaves in the most popular colorings. Full 54 inches wide, \$1.00 and \$1.25 goods, only

**69c a yard**

Now on Sale. Palmer Street, Right Aisle.

A year with this comparatively new corset makes us confident of its leadership in the corset world. Made from soft clinging batiste or from the finest of domestic weaves these corsets are at all times graceful as well as the most durable. The makers claim of the Ivy Corsets that they are the acme of the coat maker's art. Try the Ivy Corsets with your fall gown. You'll see the difference, feel the difference and time will show you the difference in wear.

**Remember the Ivy Motto, "It Clings."**

We're the local agents for Ivy Corsets. Please to show them to you or better still, "a fitting." All prices reasonable.





# 170 WERE DROWNED

## A Boat Containing 200 Persons Capsized

LONDON, SEPT. 25.—A DISPATCH FROM LUCKNOW SAYS THAT A BOAT CONTAINING 200 PERSONS WAS CAPSIZED IN MID-STREAM WHILE CROSSING THE RIVER INDUS, AT A POINT WHERE IT SEPARATES THE NORTHWEST FRONTIER PROVINCE FROM THE ATTOCK DISTRICT. ONLY 30 WERE SAVED. THEY ARE SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN TRADERS FROM THE PROVINCE GOING TO THE INTERIOR.

# NEW MEDICAL SCHOOL

## Magnificent Buildings at Harvard Dedicated

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—An event of unusual interest to the medical profession to all who at any time have been connected with Harvard university and to the general public was the dedication of the magnificent new buildings of the Harvard Medical School today. From all parts of the country graduates of the school and others prominent in the profession have been coming to this city during the past few days in preparation for the exercises which were to be held this afternoon on the terrace in front of the Administration building on Longwood avenue. The group of beautiful white marble buildings in the largest single addition to the resources of Harvard in the history of the university. It was planned that the dedication exercises should commence at 2 p. m. The program as arranged consisted of prayer by Rev. Dr. George A. Gordon, pastor of the Old South church; an address on "The Enlarged Foundation," by Dr. John Collins Warren, professor of surgery at Harvard; presentation of the building to the university by C. A. Goodrich, representing the architects; a brief address accepting the buildings by President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard; an address on "The Faculty Medicine," by Dean W. L. Richardson of the Harvard Medical School; an address on "The Laboratory," by Dr. Thomas Dwight Parkman, professor of anatomy at Harvard; an address on "The Clinic," by Dr. Frederick Cheever Shattuck Jackson, professor of clinical medicine at Harvard; and the dedication of the buildings by President Eliot.

# MURPHY INJURED

## Driver Has Broken Collar Bone

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 25.—The fifth annual circuit race meeting opened yesterday with a good crowd. Sweet Maria attempted to break her record, 2:02, but failed, coming the distance in 2:04. The race brought out a field of 11 horses. Sweet Maria was the favorite. In the last heat Queen of Clubs bolted into the outside fence, carrying Miss Gay and Country Boy with her, and interfering with the other horses. The jockeys allowed all horses to start in the second heat. Sweet Maria, an outsider, won the first heat in an easy fashion. In the second heat, but Sweet Maria left her in a hard drive by a head. The final heat went to Sweet Maria, who made a game effort, but broke going under the wire. Round for the turn, in the stretch, Murphy, driver John Cox, tried to come down on the race, but a cloud of dust obscured the rest of the horses and he was run into by Country Boy. Both men were thrown. Murphy sustained a broken collar bone, but Cox was unhurt. Only four horses started in the two-year-old horse review division and this fall was an easy winner in straight heats. In the three-year-old horse review division, G. J. Francis was an easy winner in straight heats, defeating the



MISS MAHELLE ESTELLE, THE CHARMING GENIUS AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

# ACADEMY OF MUSIC

It would be difficult to imagine a smoother and better staged performance of William Gillette's celebrated war drama "Held by the Enemy" than that given by the Seventh Regiment company at the Academy of Music last evening, before a large and thoroughly pleased audience. Nearly every member of the company has appeared in the play before and hence all were thoroughly familiar with their parts and the action of the play and hence the smoothness and finish that characterizes the opening performance. "Held by the Enemy" deals with the story of a gallant northern soldier and a charming southern maiden. There are situations in the play that make the heart beat fast and the audience tear to bits while enjoying merely in and between the more serious phases. As a bright dash of the comedy furnished by an irrepressible newspaper correspondent and a dainty little southern girl. Some of the situations are, in fact, dramatic, notably the climax of the third act, in which the southern girl is held by the enemy and the northern soldier is forced to pass the stringent test of the enemy's lines and from certain to capture the interest is held. The play is lively and accurately staged and is a tribute in itself to the admirable stage of the production. The scenery of the opening act representing the comfortable interior of a southern mansion is most accurately set even to the minor details. There is the fire place, side case, the spinning wheel, and an old-fashioned clock keeping time as regular as it did years ago, and many other touches that so many years ago seem still as well as new as though comparatively a new scene.

# OPERA HOUSE

"Weary White Walker," a so-called musical comedy in three acts, was the attraction at the Opera House last night. A large and enthusiastic audience was present and enjoyed the performance immensely. The cast was a big one, including such well-known fun-makers as Ed. Gills, E. E. Perry, L. J. Doherty, E. E. Whitehouse, E. M. Stanton, C. S. Redford, Doran Morgan, Viola St. Denis and Anna Brown and Pearl Turner. The chorus was well gotten and sang exceedingly well.

# "WAY DOWN EAST"

"Way Down East," which will be seen at the Opera House tonight and tomorrow night and night is a descriptive story of New England farm life, exemplified in its quaint and homely characters, set out in a bold and original and a happy and of rustic honesty and simplicity. The play, although a comedy, is as any play possibly can be, from its having been before the public

so many years ago. It is a story of a young man who is sent to the workhouse by his father, and who, after a long and hard struggle, finally escapes and returns home to find his father dead and his mother in a state of despair. The play is a masterpiece of its kind and is a tribute to the genius of the author.



**Laundry Blue**  
(Soluble)  
**5 Cents Oz. Package**  
Being enough for one quart of best Liquid Blueing.  
**C. B. COBURN CO.**  
63 Market Street

**Make Your Entries**  
Now for our great semi-annual  
**POULTRY AND PET STOCK FAIR**  
October 2nd to 6th, Inclusive  
See our Mr. Gilmore in Bon Marche basement for full particulars.

SCENE IN "WAY DOWN EAST." The day. It is not difficult to account for the phenomenal popularity of "Way Down East." It is a story of plain people, telling an everyday tale, with the ingredients of sympathy and laughter, and it is a story of a young man who is sent to the workhouse by his father, and who, after a long and hard struggle, finally escapes and returns home to find his father dead and his mother in a state of despair. The play is a masterpiece of its kind and is a tribute to the genius of the author.

**"DAVID HARRIMAN"**  
The dramatization of "David Harriman" in which Harry Brown has been finding so much favor, and which is to be seen at the Opera House next Friday and Saturday evenings and matinee Saturday, is a story of a young man who is sent to the workhouse by his father, and who, after a long and hard struggle, finally escapes and returns home to find his father dead and his mother in a state of despair. The play is a masterpiece of its kind and is a tribute to the genius of the author.

which they give five kinds of pills for backache, rheumatism, and all the ailments of the back and joints. The pills are made of pure herbs and are entirely harmless. They are sold in bottles of 10 and 25 pills each. The price is 10 cents per bottle. The pills are sold in all drug stores and are also sold by mail.

# BOTH WILL DIE

## Police Officer Shot Woman and Himself

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 25.—Police Officer William D. Barrett, of Concord, N. H., shot and killed a woman and himself today. Barrett was on duty at the Concord police station when he shot the woman. The woman was shot in the chest and died. Barrett was shot in the chest and died. The police are investigating the case.

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# QUEER ANSWERS

## Given in Naturalization Cases

## WIDELY DIFFERENT OPINIONS

## On the Question, Who Discovered America

"George Washington was a great man but he did not discover America," said Judge Bradley in a recent decision. The judge was asked to decide whether or not Washington was the discoverer of America. The judge's answer was that Washington was not the discoverer of America. The judge's answer was that Washington was not the discoverer of America.

# WOMAN ABUSED

## Complaint Made to Moran

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Upon the declaration of Miss Rebecca Bowen and Miss Mary Bowen of Mr. Vernon Street that their aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Buckley, who is 80 years old, was "truly and inhumanly treated" while in the City Hospital, at one time being strapped to her bed in a straitjacket and at another being tied into a reclining chair, a complaint was made to the City Hospital. The complaint was made to the City Hospital.

# DANISH GIRL

## WAITED IN VAIN FOR HER LOVER

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Kristine Romberg, a 22-year-old girl, who is a native of Denmark, has been waiting in vain for her lover. The girl has been waiting for her lover for a long time. The girl has been waiting for her lover for a long time.

# PARISIAN SAGE

## The Money Back Cure for All Diseases of the Scalp

Parisian Sage is the great French remedy for all diseases of the hair and scalp. It is guaranteed to cure dandruff in six days; it will stop falling hair; it will make thin hair strong and sturdy; it will restore gray hair to its natural color. Parisian Sage is the best hair dressing made. It is not sticky or greasy; it has an invigorating effect on the scalp and it is absolutely certain to make the hair soft, glossy and luxuriant.

# REGISTRATION

## EXAMINATION

## For Evening Classes

## Lowell Textile School

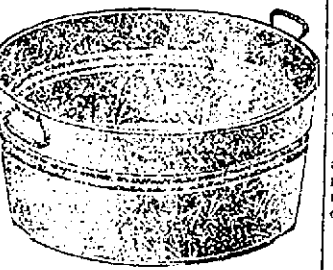
## Thursday, Sept. 27

## AT 7 P. M.



# Dickson's Tea Store

## When You Get One of These Galvanized Wash Tubs



with a pound of baking powder you are getting something out of the common.

Better get one quick.

**Dickson's Tea Store**  
Tea Importers Estab. 1875 Coffee Roasters  
68 Merrimack St.

This ad. good for a cake of Borax Soap FREE on purchases

# PRES. ROOSEVELT

## Wanted as Adviser to Mikado

TOLEDO, Sept. 25.—A leading daily journal in Tokio, the Niroku, in a recent editorial presented very plausible arguments in favor of electing Roosevelt for Japan after the expiration of his presidential term as the highest adviser to the Mikado.

"In the economy of great men it is a pity that President Roosevelt, after the expiration of his term of office in 1908, should retire from political activity and become, as a report states, president of an educational institution," says the editor of Niroku.

"Here in Japan Roosevelt could have ample opportunity to do a world of good. If this arrangement could be made it would be for the good not only of Japan but also of all the world."

# MARIE JANSEN

## LOST DECISION IN SUPREME COURT.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Judge Loring of the supreme court yesterday affirmed the decree of the probate court allowing the will of Benl Johnson, who was well known in the market district. The will was contested by his adopted daughter, Marie Jansen, the actress.

The court found that the testator was of sound mind and he was not unduly influenced in making his will. The bulk of the property, worth \$30,000, was left to the widow, who was the second wife of the testator. Miss Jansen was given \$200 under the will.

In earlier wills she had fared better than under the last one, which she sought to break. The court said that the case should not have been brought,

# Dreadnought, the World's Greatest Warship

Great Britain's Leviathan  
Built In Record Time and  
Ready For Her Steam Trial

Driven by Turbines, This Ocean Greyhound  
Among Battleships Displaces 18,000  
Tons and Can Hurl Over  
Four Tons of Metal  
a Minute

United States Planning to  
Build Rival Ship Longer Than  
The Washington Monument

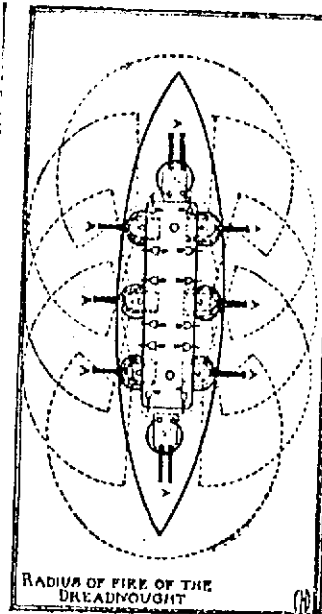
THE giant of the seas is almost ready for war, and England is overjoyed because her navy is at least a year and a half in advance of the navies of the world. Her new battleship, the Dreadnought, the most remarkable warship ever built, is practically equipped with its boilers, engines and other machinery of locomotion. Unless some unforeseen event necessitates delay the Dreadnought will have its steam trial in a few days. The velocity with which the Dreadnought is being built is establishing a new record in naval construction.

Started in October, 1905 and launched on Feb. 10 last, it is expected that the Dreadnought will be completed by February, 1907, six months less than the usual time for constructing vessels of 15,000 tons displacement. And the new record will be made with an 18,000 ton vessel, the largest ship of war ever laid down.

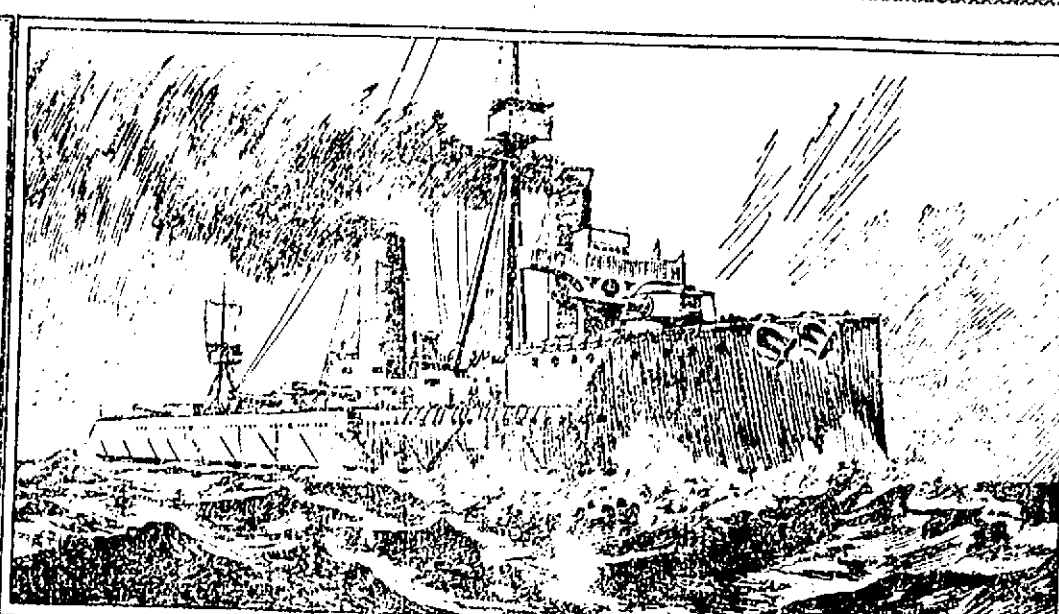
Sheer size is not the only remarkable thing about the Dreadnought, although most of the other novel features depend necessarily upon her dimensions. She is the greatest fighting machine ever built by any nation. Let us hope that she will never have to prove it, but she has been created so that she might prove it if occasion should arise. Until then or until some greater monster is built, the prowess of the Dreadnought will be a generally accepted fact.

The most striking feature of the Dreadnought is the enormous concentration of offensive and defensive energy. In the way of armament she will have ten twelve-inch guns, and the usual auxiliary batteries of rapid fire guns for repelling torpedo boat attacks. Aside from the latter all the gun metal has been designed to fire the greatest number of the largest projectiles the greatest distance possible for a warship.

The Dreadnought's defensive qualities mark a gain in naval science. Her armor protection is thick enough to



RADIUS OF FIRE OF THE DREADNOUGHT



THE DREADNOUGHT READY TO MEET THE FOE.



KIEL CANAL, WHICH MUST BE WIDENED

resist the direct impact of twelve-inch projectiles fired at a distance of 3,000 yards. Great care has been taken in planning the under-water body so as to furnish reasonable immunity from torpedoes and mines.

With all its dimensions, the Dreadnought is intended to be a greyhound among warships. She will be the first battleship in the world to be driven by turbine engines. She will have four propellers, two more than any previously built British battleship. Her average sea speed will be twenty-two

knots an hour, placing her almost in the class of crack cruisers. She was built to run on anything, but if tanks. Most of these changes will not be apparent until the great ship has been thoroughly equipped.

The Dreadnought is a progressive type of vessel, and in case of battle would follow to a marked degree the tactics of big ships in modern naval warfare. It is designed to be a long range gun, and its twelve-inch guns are effective against ordinary warships at three and one-half miles at the most, and against such a vessel as the Dreadnought at a much lesser distance.

With the necessary speed and the

concentrated destruction has ever been conceived by the brain of man. It is impossible to picture the result of one minute's well directed fire at an enemy's ship, and when the gunners get the range and fire as at target practice, one minute being followed by

and at the same time hurl at them four and one-quarter tons of metal a minute, gradually wearing them down, sinking them or rendering their batteries useless before the latter could be possibly brought within range.

Nothing so overwhelming as this

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Nothing so overwhelming as this

others, the effect will be annihilation. To this length has the contest for sea power gone, and even this is not the end.

Germany was the first to take action upon hearing that the Dreadnought was being constructed. It was soon announced that the Kiel canal was to be widened at an expense of many million dollars to admit vessels of the Dreadnought type. That means that Germany will soon have warships of that size or larger.

The United States has not been backward in following the example of the other great powers. Congress at the last session decided to build a warship even larger than the Dreadnought. That was many months ago and had points of the latter vessel our new ship of the ocean will not be started until after the Dreadnought has been completed and equipped in every detail. The navy department is now making the plans and will report to congress at the coming session, when the necessary money will be appropriated. Many points in its construction and equipment already have been decided upon.

The Dreadnought will cost at least \$7,500,000. Congress will spend as much more for our new warships as is necessary.

Instead of 18,000 tons displacement it will have at least 20,000. The Dreadnought is 500 feet in length; our prize battleship will exceed it by fifty feet. It will be longer than the Washington monument is tall. Instead of ten twelve-inch guns our ship will have twelve, and it is hoped to make them even more powerful than those of the Dreadnought. In the matters of improved armor, increased speed and other superior qualities, every effort will be made to produce the greatest warship the world has ever known. It will probably be named the Constitution, a fitting tribute to Old Ironsides of hallowed memory.

THOMAS P. CARTERET.

## The President's Private Secretary and His Many Troubles

THAT William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the president, has been snubbed by Madame Doree, a Jewish actress and authoress, for \$50,000 for damages for false arrest, does not always sound of trouble. There is no doubt that Loeb has plenty of fact—everybody whom he has turned away from the president's private office will admit that. He had good naturally turned Miss Doree away many times, because Mr. Roosevelt had already fully considered the subject, that Miss Doree wanted to personally lay before him. Then Miss Doree was arrested for trying to denounce the president while he was attending services in St. John's Episcopal church at Oyster Bay for not calling upon congress to intervene for the Jews in Russia. Because she was arrested Miss Doree blames Loeb.

When some of the newspapers were printing funny stories about Mr. Loeb during the last campaign, declaring that he was the "champion blunderer in America," because he was always willing to assume responsibility for anything that went wrong in the White House, Mr. Loeb laughed about it with the very men who wrote the varies.

But one day his patience was taxed although the incident ended with a laugh. The president's train had been delayed seven hours between Washington and New York while he was going to Oyster Bay. The next morning one of the New York papers had these startling headlines: "President's Train Water Bombed; Loeb Not to Blame."

"See here, boys," said the secretary to the newspaper reporters that day at Oyster Bay, "that's going too far."

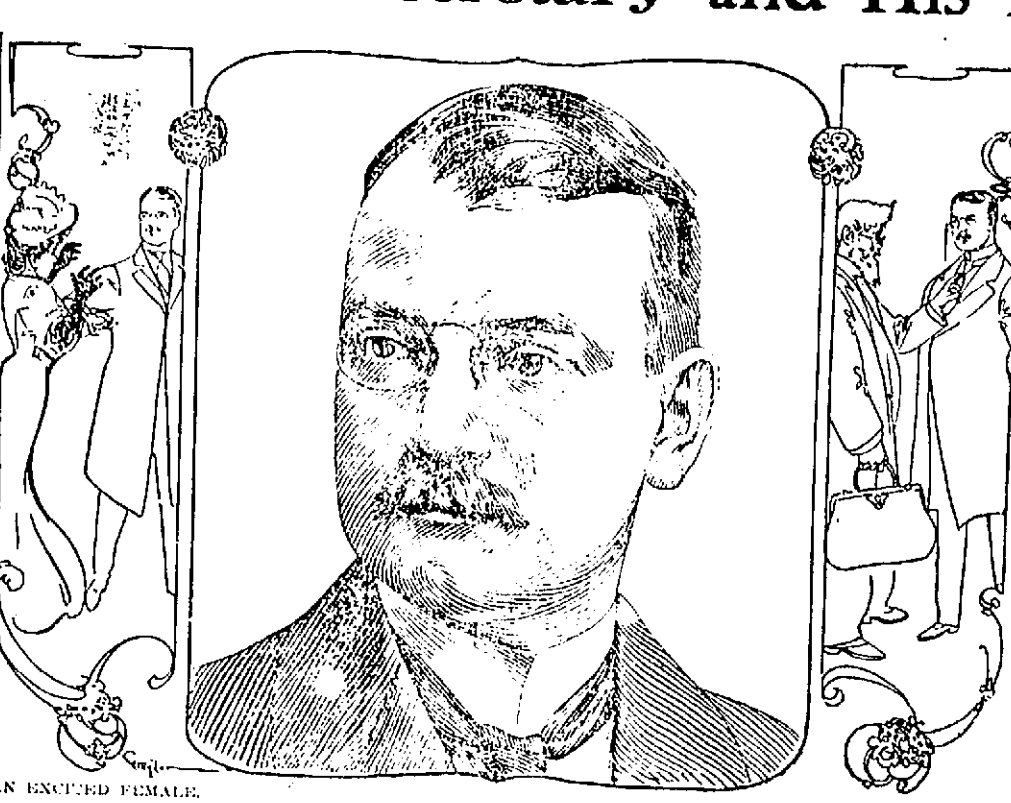
"Very well," replied the reporter who had written the account. "I'll correct the story tomorrow and say you were to blame."

Among Mr. Loeb's multifarious duties as Mr. Roosevelt's right hand man is that of just seeing everybody who wants to see the president. Besides those who have legitimate business with him, every man who happens to have lost a federal position of any kind, no matter what the cause, and every crank who has a grievance against this or any other government thinks that he has a right to lay the matter before the president of the United States and that it is the duty of the latter to apply a remedy. These are the kind of persons that get no further in the White House than Mr. Loeb.

Two presidential secretaries who were well known for their tact, good judgment and ease in handling visitors were Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, secretary to President Cleveland, and William W. Halford, secretary to President Harrison. Always pleasant and courteous, they displayed wonderful discretion in giving out important information to the newspapers, in making appointments with the president and, more difficult than all, in refusing them. One of the best stories told about Lamont was that he disposed of a woman who had decided to camp in the White House until she could obtain an interview with Mr. Cleveland.

As Mr. Lamont was passing out of the main White House door his attention was attracted to a colloquy between two doorknopers and a sharp voiced spinster of severe aspect.

"I'm going to see him whether you



WILLIAM LOEB, JR.

STORY OF HIS LIFE.

want me to or not," she was saying to the doorknopers as Mr. Lamont passed by on his way out. "He's nothing but a servant of the people, and I'm one of the people. I'll see him if I have to stay here a thousand years and wait."

Mr. Lamont walked over to the spinster with the grievance. "I'm sorry, madam," he said, "that it isn't possible for the president to see you, because he's not in the White House, nor, in fact, in Washington. He went down Chesapeake bay this morning on a little hunting trip and won't be back for two or three days," which was the truth.

"All right, then," said the determined spinster, never budging from her chair. "I'll wait right here in the White House till he gets back."

"But," said Mr. Lamont, rubbing his chin thoughtfully and smiling, "would that be exactly proper, do you think? I sleep here nights during Mr. Cleveland's absence, and there is no lady staying in the building at present. And I observe that you are unchaperoned, are you not?"

"The Goddess of Justice will be sufficient chaperon for me, sir," replied the spinster, although she was plainly mollified by the secretary's courteous tone and deferential manner.

"True, true," said Mr. Lamont, "but—er—who could I get to—er—chaperon me, I wonder?" This in a thoughtful tone.

"Oh, well, never mind. I'll return when Mr. Cleveland gets back," said the spinster, rising from her seat, and the trick was done.

Halford also had a keen sense of humor, and he frequently brought it into play at the visitor's expense with-

out the latter knowing it—in fact, the visitor always went away pleased. One day a man stormed into Halford's office in a rage over what he regarded as his unjust dismissal from a clerkship in the treasury department.

"You're Halford, ain't you the fellow like that we read about so much?" he cried.

"Me—me—that lightweight?" was the secretary's instant disclaimer. "Ma Halford? Where did you get that idea? My name's Spinks, and I'm just a clerk here. Halford's out of town. Say, don't call me Halford that way again. I don't like it."

"So you, too, know what an ass he is, hey?" chimed in the wrathful visitor. "I came here to tell him what I think of him. He's the scoundrel who's been lying hold of all the papers in my case, so that I've been sending the president, so that the president has never seen one of them."

"That so?" said the secretary innocently. "Well, that's Halford for you. He's doing that all the time. Lot of complaint about it. Think he's the whole works. Makes a specialty of holding things back from the president that the president ought to know about. But, man, don't tell me your troubles. You come back here when Halford's in—he'll be back week after next—and tell him. And, say, let him have it good. I'd like to be by when you give it to him. He and I don't get along a little bit. Meantime tell me about your papers, and I'll look 'em up and write to you about 'em."

The violent man quickly settled down, and "Spinks" made a few notes on his blotting pad, and the visitor departed.

JOHN J. BARGER.

## Major Rathbone's Remarkable Fight For His Honor

MAJOR ESTES G. RATHBONE, director general of posts in Cuba during the American occupation and convicted of mismanagement of his office and public funds, has astonished the government authorities as well as the public by his persistent endeavors to obtain a reopening of his case and a new trial.

"I will keep knocking at the door of congress as long as I live if necessary in order to get justice," Rathbone says.

The late United States Senator Mark Hanna was the first prominent man to espouse the cause of the disgraced official, and now other notables, as well as the Ohio legislature, are attempting to gain a new hearing for him. The Ohio legislature at its last session unanimously passed a joint resolution asking that an inquiry into the Rathbone imbroglio be held.

It is in President Roosevelt's power to grant or to refuse Rathbone his wish, and considerable influence is being brought to bear on the president from people on both sides of the controversy—those who side with Rathbone and those who for various reasons desire all publicity in the matter to cease.

The particular point in Rathbone's petition for a new trial that may win him success in his arduous quest is the fact that his hearing was conducted along lines not as impartial as those existing in this country. He was tried by a Cuban court under proceedings based on old Spanish law, and the system of government then in control in Cuba existed but a brief period after

the revolution. There were many difficulties, too, in the way of a successful attempt to obtain a review on appeal in Cuba at that time. Ex parte depositions were also accepted in evidence, which had been taken in the United States without notice to Rathbone. This lack of notice prevented the accused from having counsel on hand at the taking of such depositions to cross examine the witnesses. In this country the use of such depositions without notice is not permitted under an act of congress which was dated June 6, 1900.

He claims that the testimony of the chief witness against him would have been ruled out in American courts. This witness was not put under oath, as he appeared as a co-defendant with Rathbone. Under such circumstances in Cuban procedure a witness need not be sworn.

Rathbone has always been particularly bitter against Major General Leonard Wood, present military commander in the Philippines, who at the time of Rathbone's troubles was director general of Cuba. If Rathbone's case is reopened General Wood will probably have to return to this country to appear on the witness stand. Perry S. Heath, former first assistant postmaster general of the United States, is another man at whom Rathbone points the accusing finger. When Rathbone was accused of conspiring with his assistants, Charles F. Neely of Muncie, Ind., and W. H. Reeves (both of whom were convicted in Cuba) to defraud the government, Rathbone stated that Heath had "forced Reeves and Neely



ESTES G. RATHBONE.

LEONARD WOOD,

on him," that statements that he had appointed the men "because he knew they would assist him in his schemes" were false. To prove this he offered in testimony a letter from Heath, of which the following is an alleged extract:

"I intended to say to you when you were here that there is one man, Charles F. Neely of Muncie, Ind., who wants to go into the Cuban service, in whom I am more interested than any other man among the thousands of applicants for positions of that character."

A second letter from George M. Allen, acting first assistant postmaster general, to Mr. Neely was also made public. It tells Neely that he has been appointed a clerk in the military postal service at a salary of \$1,800 a year and directs him to report to Rathbone. Rathbone says he had never seen Neely until he reported to him for duty. Likewise, he had never heard of W. H. Reeves until he appeared in Havana, armed with a letter from Mr. Heath, announcing his appointment and directing him to report to Rathbone.

To the charges that he had paid personal servants and other private expenses from the postal funds, Rathbone's reply is that if he was guilty of that, General Wood was guilty also, and much more so. He avers that the general bought household goods at a Philadelphia store and paid for them from insular funds and that he employed two cashmen and a hostler who were paid from public funds. Many of Wood's subordinates, he says, incurred the same kind of expense,

also he charges General Wood with having put various of the newspaper writers and correspondents in Cuba on the salary list and declares that they received vouchers for their pay. Furthermore, Rathbone says in his plea for an investigation that he reported his receipts and expenditures to the postmaster general regularly, and also to the military governor. "If these expenses were not considered proper," he says, "why was I not advised when I reported them officially?"

The entire amount alleged on all counts to have been embezzled by the convicted trio and their supposed agents reached the imposing sum of \$150,000, and the Cuban government still contends that Rathbone furthermore exacted about \$81,000, represented by vouchers which he handed in and which were thrown out as fraudulent. The original sentence suggested by the Cuban court to be imposed on Rathbone was a fine of \$150,000 and imprisonment for twenty-five years. However, his penalty was later modified.

Should Rathbone's present campaign for a hearing fail, he will begin again on new lines. If President Roosevelt and congress thrust him aside, he will wait for a new president and a new congress to be elected and try again, he declares. If at the end of twenty years he still lives and remains under the status of his present status, he will fight on, he says, for what he believes are his rights under the constitution and according to his idea of the principles of modern justice.

FRED J. NANKIN.





**Removal Notice**  
**GAUVRAN BROS.**  
Lowell's Leading Furniture  
and Piano Movers  
removed from 147 Dutton street  
Bridge street, opposite Transfer  
Co.  
Telephone 49; Residence 192-2.

**33 Gorham St.**  
**W. HEALEY - Undertaker**  
 79 BRANCH STREET  
 Phone: Office: 1792-2; Res. 1792-3.

may be people

Ames wins tomorrow, it  
set down as a victory for the  
\*\*\*

**1 Middle St.      Opposite Fire Station**  
**Telephone 668-2**



## NIGHT EDITION PRIMARIES OPEN

## SCORES ALDERMEN

## Mayor Casey Addresses Sharp Letter to the Board

Mayor Casey today filed with the city clerk a communication addressed to the board of aldermen, in which his honor takes strong exception to the board's treatment of his recent letter relating to the office of sealer of weights and measures and takes the board to task for criticism of his action in respect to placing the office on a higher plane. The mayor's letter is as follows:

Lowell, Mass., Sept. 25, 1906.

To the Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen: I have had returned to me a communication, which I sent to your honorable board at the last meeting, relative to the department of sealer of weights and measures. I am not surprised at the lack of courtesy shown by the executive department of the city by the return of this communication, nor at the ill-considered remarks indulged in by some of the members of the board in an endeavor to impugn the motives which prompted this office to call to your attention a matter affecting the public interests.

This is the second communication which has been returned to me prompted by the same unfair disposition. Under the provisions of Section 16 of the city charter "the mayor from time to time shall communicate to both branches of the city council all such information, and recommend all such measures as may tend to the improvement of the finances, the police, health, security, cleanliness, comfort and ornament of the city." I might say that I will continue to conform to the above obligations regardless of the spirit in which such communications may be received.

You ask what are the duties of the sealer of weights and measures. If it is possible, that members of the board of aldermen are not conversant with the duties of city officials, when they elect in office, then, of course, you are to be pardoned for your action in returning this communication.

A thorough inspection of scales, weights and measures is not made in this city the same as in other cities. The scales that have been tested for the past year have been found to be in bad condition. The scales that remain untested year in and year out may be cheating themselves rather than the customer. With all scales, weights and measures, even the most honest weights and measures is protected against the unfair competition of the dishonest weights and measures.

## NOTICE

W. J. Dunbar, Jr., to call and have your eyes examined any day or evening. Glasses right. Prices right. Yours very truly,

Caswell Optical Co.  
25 Bridge st., Runnels' bldg., Merrimack sq.

"Imagine Frederick T. Greenhalge asking the speaker for a certificate of character to tell his constituents he has been a good Congressman. We know the service our Congressman renders, and I believe the district is now demanding a change and that is why I am supporting FRANK E. DUNBAR."

Ex-Congressman Knox

## MANTLES

CHIMNEYS, SHADES, GLOBES, ETC.

All Kinds and Prices at  
**WELCH BROS.**  
61 MIDDLE STREET

Interest Begins Oct. 1

Savings Department

**TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK**

Hours, daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.  
Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

I have communicated these facts to you, not only as a matter of public duty, and to prevent your indulgence of a different motive. I am again sending to your honorable body the communication which you returned to this office, also a copy of the revised laws of Massachusetts relating to weights and measures, which, I trust, you will have the common courtesy to refer to the committee on ordinances and legislation for consideration.

I would also add that the treasury department of the state, which has supervisory control of the department of sealer of weights and measures, undoubtedly will soon take steps to coming into a strict enforcement of the laws relating to weights and measures, as indicated by a communication now on file in this office.

Respectfully submitted,  
JAMES B. CASEY, Mayor.

## CIVIL SERVICE

## Examination for Physical Inspector

Under chapter 466 of the Acts of the legislature of 1906, the civil service commissioners are authorized to appoint a physical inspector at a salary not exceeding \$1500 per year.

An applicant for examination for this position will be required to be a registered physician not over fifty years of age; he must be in good physical condition, according to the tests prescribed by the commissioners, and he will be marked chiefly on general training and experience.

The examination will be held at the state house on the 17th day of October, 1906, and application blanks may be obtained in person, or by written request, addressed to the Civil Service Commissioners, Room 152, State House, Boston, and must be filed on or before October 13, 1906.

## STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.

By order of the Massachusetts Civil Service commissioners, a competitive examination of applicants for the position of stenographer-typewriter will be held at the state house, Boston, on October 2, 1906.

There are at present four vacancies in the position of woman clerk, with a knowledge of stenography and typewriting, in the Police Department of the District Police, at a salary of \$600 per year; and applicants will be required to perform their duties in one of the following cities: Worcester, Fall River, Springfield, North Adams.

Blank applications can be obtained by applying to the Civil Service Commissioners, State House, Boston, and when filled out should be filed in the office of the commissioners at least one week before the date set for the examination.

## SCHOOL BOARD

WILL HOLD MONTHLY MEETING TOMORROW EVENING.

The aldermen will hold a regular meeting this evening and an adjourned meeting on Thursday evening. The school board will meet tomorrow evening. The usual scramble for places on evening school teachers is now on and the school committees are having their troubles.

## LOST FINGERS

THOMAS BROWN MET WITH PAINFUL ACCIDENT.

Thomas Brown, aged about 18 years, while at work on a shears in the Midway mills this afternoon lost two fingers of his left hand. He resides at 8 McDevens court off Lakeview avenue. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell hospital, where his injuries were attended to.

## Thin Blood

Experience count anything with you? Then what do you think of 60 years' experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Sixty years of curing thin blood, weak nerves, general debility! We wish you would ask your own doctor about this. Ask him to tell you honestly what he thinks it will do for your case. Then do precisely as he says.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## ASSOCIATE HALL

Is open for bookings from now on for next fall and winter. If interested, visit the hall, look at the floor, and make arrangements with the janitor.

## Great Interest Centers in the Congressional Fight

The primaries are on. Don't forget to vote.

Promptly at 12 o'clock this noon the 22 polling places of the city opened for business and they will remain open until 6 o'clock this evening.

At this writing there was little or no excitement about the polling places and the party hustlers had not gotten down to business.

The election betting is very light considering the interest in the several contests and is confined to small bets.

The basement of city hall was a busy place this morning when city clerk Bradman and his assistants started the work of getting the ballot boxes and other paraphernalia ready and shipping them in charge of police officers to the different polling places. There was every old kind of a job wagon lined up on the Moody street side of city hall for such polling place necessitated a wagon.

There was a police officer to each wagon to look after the opening of the caucuses, these to be released by others later in the day.

The ballot boxes were sent to each polling place one for regular duty and the second an emergency box. There are about 1500 voters in Lowell and the city clerk sent out 1545 democratic and 1550 republican ballots, in all, so that there will be enough to go around. The smallest number of ballots sent to one precinct was 235, while the largest number was 775.

The counting of ballots will not begin until after the close of the polls at 6 o'clock and it will be midnight before the first returns arrive at city hall. Under the present caucus laws the precinct officers return the ballots to the city clerk as on election day.

Before starting out to vote and thus find where you are to go to vote and thus find confusion for many voters will find that their polling places have been changed since last year.

The voting proceeded steadily and quietly during the afternoon, though there was no great rush, the mill people waiting until evening to vote. All afternoon both Ames and Dunbar had carriages with ballot boxes and other things getting out the old and infirm before sunset.

## THAT BILLERICA CONFERENCE.

A morning paper stated today that Ames had won the first round by carrying the delegates in Billerica last evening. There was but a preliminary

conference at which Dunbar made no contest. The real counting is being left today, same as in the other towns.

The full list of delegates chosen in convention, Edward P. Dickinson, Rev. Chester H. Howe, congressional, Rev. A. B. Hall, Archie Riddle, committee, Joseph Jaquith, Thomas M. Clark, county and register of deeds, Fred H. Parker, John Brown, senatorial, Warren Hadden, Charles H. Robinson, representative, E. A. D. Slaght, Dr. Charles E. Hosmer, Franklin Jaquith, Herbert S. Russell, Joseph Brown, Wm. Chambers.

The town committee nominated as follows: Frederick S. Clark, Joseph F. Talbot, William Chambers, William F. Talbot, Thomas Talbot, John Brown, Maxwell, Thomas Talbot, John Brown, Archie Riddle, John T. Slott, William McBride, Dr. Charles E. Hosmer, John A. Richardson, Sydney A. Hall, George F. Greenwood, Albert A. Richardson, Fred H. Parker, Clarence A. Bowman, Warren Hadden, E. A. D. Slaght.

## AMES AND DUNBAR HURRY.

Both congressional candidates were kept on the jump last night for each addressed a number of rallies, going from place to place in automobiles. Congressman Ames opened his meetings with a rally that was both unique and picturesque. He addressed the native employees of Capelee for houses at 5.30 o'clock and at the same time finished their day's work. The men gathered in bucket street under the big trees at the office and awaited the coming of the congressman. When he arrived they cheered him lustily and standing on the steps of the office entrance he addressed them. The scene was unique and picturesque. Secretary Legare and Senator A. D. Milton. He also addressed rallies at the German club, Plain street; Highland hall, and Fellow's hall, Bridge street; Centralville Social club, Vincent hall, and Pawtucketville Social club.

Mr. Dunbar addressed rallies at St. Louis hall, Centralville; C. M. A. C. hall and the Branch Street engine house. At the C. M. A. C. hall one of the speakers was Dr. A. M. Martin of Holyoke who made a big hit by his eloquence. An amusing incident happened while Mr. Dunbar was approaching the C. M. A. C. hall in his auto. A crowd of boys with noise-making implements and carrying banners inscribed: "Vote for Ames" came along and learning the identity of the occupant of the auto gave "Three cheers for Dunbar," forgetting for the time the candidate whom they had started out to boom.

## BIG MILITARY RAID

## On Negroes at Atlanta and 257 Arrested

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Deciding that the negro students, 500 in number, who live in the campus of Clark university are responsible for and executed the attacks on the officers in South Atlanta last night the military authorities have sent 150 men under the command of Col. Clifford Anderson to the scene. They expect to surround the campus, capture and search all the students and punish the guilty ones.

Major Williamson, of the state militia, who commanded the raid in Brownsville, said:

Following the attack on a force of county police late last night, it was decided to raid what is known as Brownsville, including Clark university, an institution for negroes, which has in the past received large support from northern philanthropists.

About 400 negroes were arrested, including professors and students of Clark university and other negroes not connected with the institution. If a prisoner was unable to give a plausible account of himself or if he was armed, he was arrested and sent to the Fulton county jail. About 100 were so locked up, including the assassin of Policeman Heard, who was killed in the attack on the county police during the earlier part of the night.

The known dead as the result of last night's encounter was reported this morning as five negroes, beside Policeman Heard. Two of the dead negroes were tracked from the scene of the attack on the police to their homes by trails of blood. Two more died at the hospital, both shot during last night's fight and an unknown negro was found dead near the scene of the same fight.

Governor Terrell over the telephone declared to the Associated Press that he does not believe it will be necessary to declare martial law but as a precautionary measure he intends during the day to order several companies of the state militia, probably four, to be in Atlanta by 8 o'clock tonight.

## TWO NEGROES SHOT IN FIGHT WITH OFFICERS TODAY.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Two negroes were killed today in a fight with officers. The negroes had barricaded

themselves in a house on the edge of the city. The officers were not wounded.

## 250 ARRESTED

RAID OF MILITARY ON NEGROES THIS MORNING.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—One negro was killed in Brownsville, a suburb, by militia early today while trying to break through the lines. Two hundred and fifty-seven negroes have already been placed under arrest in Brownsville.

The majority of them were heavily armed. One other negro tried to get away and was shot. The raid started shortly after 5 o'clock. Negroes were searched and every one armed was placed on the cars to be sent to the police barracks. One of the first arrested was L. J. Price, the negro postmaster, who is charged with supplying ammunition to the leaders. Negroes who tried to break through the lines were fired on. Captain Wilson held a conference with the president of Gannett seminary on the situation. The negroes are housed in by militia. Members of the county police are anxious to avenge the death of Officer Heard and the wounding of other members of the force. The negroes are badly frightened.

## FELL DEAD

WOMAN SAW NEGROES ATTACKED BY MOB.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Following the killing of Policeman Heard last night in South Atlanta, the force which accompanied him and were not disabled in the fight pursued the negroes. They captured ten of the attacking party. Two of the prisoners, Sam McDaniel and Wiley Brooks, made a bold dash for liberty. The mob caught them and the negroes, cut and beaten, were brought to the city in a dying condition. Mrs. E. C. Thompson, who saw the attack upon the negroes fall dead from heart disease.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

## CONTRACTS GIVEN

For Stand Pipe at No.

Cholmestord

EAST BOSTON FIRM

HAS LOWEST BID

Lowell Man Gets

Foundation Job

The water commissioners of North Chelmsford today opened the bids for the building of the standpipe for the new water service and the building of the foundation thereof and awarded the contract to the Dodge Bridge company of East Boston, whose bid was \$4672. The other bids were as follows: A. F. Wood & Co., Philadelphia, \$11,000; Fred A. Houdlette & Son, Boston, \$10,000; Seawall Bldg. Co., Lowell, \$2500. The contract for the foundation was awarded to John H. Simpson, Lowell, \$185, and the other bids were H. E. Fletcher & Co., Westford, \$127; Elias De La Hays, North Chelmsford, \$24.

## THOMAS McNEIL

Wanted Here for Lar-

cony in Dracut

WAS ARRESTED IN

HAVERHILL

Jewelry Was Found In

His Possession

While John A. Ray and family were absent from their home on Hopkins street, Haverhill, Sunday last, their house was entered and a lady's gold watch, two neck chains, two charms, two pairs cut buttons and \$1 in cash disappeared. The matter was reported to the local police yesterday morning and last evening the Haverhill police telephoned to Lowell that they had a man named Thomas McNeil arrested there on a hearing and entering charge. When arrested he had a lady's gold watch in his possession.

Mrs. Ray, last evening did not know the number of her watch but came to Lowell this morning and on giving the number it was found to be identical with the number of the watch found with McNeil. McNeil will be taken before the grand jury in Lawrence today on the Haverhill charge and a warrant will be sent from Lowell for his arrest on the Dracut charge when the other case is disposed of. McNeil is not known by that name to the Lowell police.

## GRAVESEND RACE

GRAVESEND, N. Y., Sept. 25.—First race, handicap, 5 1/2 furlongs, two year olds. Age 18 to 3 and 6 to 1. First: Prince Hampton, 4 to 1, place, second; Philander, third, Time, 1:48.

## BANK BOOK

FOUND BY STREET SWEEPER IN MERRIMACK STREET TODAY.

Thomas J. Glancy, the well-known street sweeper, has a bank book on the "Traders bank with the name of "Polasant" on it which he picked up in the street today and which the owner may obtain by calling on him.

## DEATHS

COLLINS—Alexander R. Collins, aged 57 years, died this morning at his home at 285 West Sixth street. He is survived by his wife, three sons, Norman, Zed and Walter, and six daughters, Ida, Edith, Olive, Lillian, Ethel and Eva.

## BUTLER AMES

Is Opposed by the Railroads.

Why?

## BOSTON CAUCUSES

## Street Fights and Alleged Illegal Voting

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Boston is the center of interest in the primaries which are being held throughout the state today. In most of the cities and towns the voting will only serve for the election of delegates to representative, senatorial, congressional and congressional conventions. In this city, however, several contests which have been waged with more than the usual amount of activity will be held. In the republican ranks Eugene N. Towne is making a fight against Eben S. Draper, the present lieutenant governor.

Several congressional and non-congressional contests will be settled today, for in many instances the winner of the polls is almost certain at election next November.

Up to early in the afternoon two at roads had been made for alleged illegal

## PALMA WILL RESIGN

HAVANA, Sept. 25.—(Gen. Andrad, speaker of the lower house, in conversation with a correspondent of the Associated Press today made the following statement in behalf of the government officials:

"If the Americans wish to take over government and give it to the rebels they may do so but not with our consent. We shall never consent to the holding of new elections. It would not only be a great injustice but if the rebels won, Cuba would have the worst elements in control and if the government won we would have another revolution on our hands."

Gen. Andrad said that President Capote had gone to confer with Secretary Taft and to inform the latter that the Cuban government positively rejected the American proposition before President Palma by Mr. Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon last night. The general added that the decision of the government officials was irrevocable. President Palma would resign Andrad said, if the step was suggested by the American officials, but he would never be a party to holding new elections. Furthermore, no number of the moderate party would go to the polls if a new election is held in January as contemplated.

Gen. Andrad spoke bitterly about the course the liberals would take if they rejected the American proposition and reference to their obtaining control of the government's armed force. All of those officers he claimed would undoubtedly be replaced by rebel partisans, including, doubtless, many negroes.

The general was then asked what would be his solution of the problem and he replied:

"I see only one satisfactory way out of it, for the United States to take control of Cuba for one or two or possibly four years. The right kind of government here cannot survive now without such control. There must be a reconstruction period after the civil war. Yielding to the rebels now cannot bring contentment and reliability and would only antagonize all the better elements which, as it is well known, side with the moderates."

## MORE MARINES

HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO GO TO CUBA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The great efforts are being made to reinforce the American marines now in Cuban waters and there has been almost continuous conference for the last 24 hours between the chief of the navigating bureau and the commandant of marines relative to the speedy transportation of the reinforcements.

## Rare Opportunity

TO PURCHASE

## A FINE RESIDENCE

In Centralville

The undersigned having moved into his new residence in Belvidere offers his former home at 119 Fremont street for sale. The premises consist of a large two and one-half story house with a fine stable on a nicely graded and stone curbed double lot of land containing 11,000 square feet. The house is in first-class condition throughout. It has twelve good rooms besides an attic room, pantry and modern bath room. The plumbing is modern and first class in every particular. The steam heating plant consists of a fine steel boiler, set in brick with ten radiators, piped in the best possible manner. Cellar bottom cemented and sub-drained. Walks and driveway concreted and lot front curbed with granite.

The stable is one of the finest on the hill. The carriage house is concreted and drained into the street sewer. There are three stalls (one a box stall) fine harness room and a finished room for a hostler, together with all the facilities necessary for a high grade stable. The location is slightly, dry and healthy and the street cars are within one minute's walk of the house. There are several nice fruit and shade trees and an excellent lawn.

To build such a home today with the prevailing price of labor and material would cost nearly double the sum for which I am willing to sell. Further particulars will be cheerfully given to anyone desirous of buying such a residence.

APPLY AT SUN OFFICE, TELEPHONE 269.

Very respectfully,

JOHN H. HARRINGTON.







# DAMMING THE RIVER

## Operations in Progress Below Manchester, N. H.

### To Procure Water Power for a New Cotton Mill—The Project Somewhat of a Mystery

The following story is from the Manchester Phoenix:

For months a force of men has been at work in the bed of the Merrimack at a point two miles below Goff's Falls bridge, at what is known as the lower rapids, or Moses's Falls, and a great deal of mystery has attended the operations. What the men were doing and why they were doing it has been the subject of much speculation among the dwellers in the towns of Littlefield and Merrimack and many conjectures have been made. It is now known, however, that it can be said that a dam will be thrown across the river at this point, and it is believed that the power will be utilized to drive the wheels of a cotton mill that is to be erected there.

From what can be learned from the project are L. M. Jones of Littlefield, N. H., Spaulding, H. N. Spaulding, and W. H. Judge of Boston and a Mr. Chamberlain, and it is understood that active operations toward the construction of the dam and mill will be begun as soon as the data secured by the engineers have been worked up and plans and specifications completed.

The men interested looked over the site last spring and thought it a feasible one for their project. They began work to secure the needed land on which to erect the abutments of the proposed dam, and to afford a site for their proposed building. They succeeded in securing a tract of land on the west side of the river and it is reported they opened negotiations with James Coning of Littlefield for a two-acre tract on the east side of the river. It is said

that Mr. Coning was reluctant to part with the land unless he knew what the purpose of the purchasers was, and also they were. After some delay he was told that the project was under the plan of a dam and was given the name of Moses's Falls. When it was announced that the dam was to be built, the neighbors began to talk of the matter and many tried to induce Mr. Coning to relate what he knew of the matter but without avail.

Not being able to find out definitely regarding the matter most people after much speculation concluded that it was the Manchester Traction, Light and Power company which had bought the land to be used in connection with the Littlefield and Hudson railroad.

Along in June a force of men appeared on the scene and began working in the river bed. Again the public became curious and sought to find out what was being done. This gang of men was not committed and they came about with possession as trespassers if they did not go at once.

A survey of the river bed north from that point well up to the outlet of the lower pond here was made and the line of flow to show the levels was begun. The river bank at Littlefield was later set up and some were taken from a lot of holes across the possible site of the dam so that the character of the rock that forms the river bed at this point could be determined and an estimate of the cost of putting in the foundations of a dam could be made with some degree of exactness.

The preliminary work of this nature is now practically completed, and all who are cognizant of what has been done so far are anxiously awaiting a definite announcement of how extensive a manufacturing plant will be erected at this site. From what can be learned, the levels taken by the engineers have determined that a head of water equivalent to a fall of twenty-two feet can be obtained by the dam that they plan to build. They will have to guard against the erection of a higher dam as back water would bother the mill here should the dam be too high and to those who are familiar with the river at the proposed site of this dam it would mean that to get a fall of twenty-two feet on their dam would be about as high as it would be built.

The men who are interested in this project made a close examination of the dam and power house at Goff's Falls on the 10th of May, and they evidently intend to build a similar dam as they were most favorably impressed with what they saw there.

A Union reporter visited the site of the proposed dam but could find no one about the place at work. Some tools were there, among which were noted a set of pointed sounding rods of iron or steel, and the appliances for driving them. The reporter struck the base line of the survey that has been made, in ascertaining the fall that existed in the river, at its upper end, on the east side of the river, and though but little chopping was done in clearing the way through the brush to enable the transit men to get his sights the trail was easy to follow by any one used to looking for "blazes." Every 100 feet was

marked with a narrow stake bearing the number of the section and after following the line over 5000 feet the reporter saw two sets of batter boards, one on each side of the river. These batter boards on the east side are set on the base line of the survey and are about 100 feet from the bottom of the river. The river bed at this point is wide and straight with large granite boulders. While along near the first batter board is the remainder of the first section, though which boulders were pushed through the rapids when the river was dammed and general freight boats are used to pass the river.

This is the appearance and size of these batter boards to be constructed to receive the work that is to be done which they are to be used at a little distance from the river, and a close examination shows that the batter boards can be moved. The river bed on the east side of the river extends out plainly, and from the river bed at this point the bridge seems to cross the river diagonally, a little west of north.

The north channel of the river at the present stage of water is on the west side of the river and it flows over the ledge the front of the bridge up stream. The river bed at this point is a large batter board on the bank of the river and on its top is fixed a red flag for a marker.

While no plans have been made public regarding the dam that is to be built at this point it looks now to be a dam of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone. At the present stage of water the river bed is a dam and it looks as if a heavy dam of stone or half of the stone of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone.

The river bed at this point is a dam and it looks as if a heavy dam of stone or half of the stone of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone. The river bed at this point is a dam and it looks as if a heavy dam of stone or half of the stone of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone.

Should a dam be built here, giving twenty-two feet head to the water which by working the full capacity of the river an enormous power could be developed probably 1000 horse power.

The river bed at this point is a dam and it looks as if a heavy dam of stone or half of the stone of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone. The river bed at this point is a dam and it looks as if a heavy dam of stone or half of the stone of a concrete structure of stone or half of the stone.

There is undoubtedly a great power to be developed in the Merrimack at this point.

Mr. Leonard Halsey and Miss Halsey of the Falls were married yesterday forenoon at 105 Chestnut street, by Rev. Harry Taylor.

Miss Halsey is a member of the Harvard class and Mr. Halsey of the Harvard class of the First Baptist church.

The happy couple left the city on the 11:07 train to Boston and vicinity. On their return they will reside in this city.

White Clothes Should be White

If you do not use anything in your washing water but soap you will find that the clothes will turn yellow in time. To prevent this, use TALBOT'S AMMONIA. It is inexpensive and will pay for itself in the first washing. Ammonia also softens hard water.

Per Pint 10c

TALBOT'S 40 Middle St.

"PURE GOODS SOLD HERE"

COMPLETE BED ROOM OUTFIT

12 yds. Matting ..... \$2.40  
Rocks, cane seat ..... 1.50  
30-inch Granite Rug ..... .75  
2 Cane Seat Chairs ..... 2.00  
2 16x20 Colored Portieres ..... 1.95  
Commode (solid oak) ..... 4.50  
Bureau and Basin ..... 1.00  
Bureau (solid oak) ..... 8.00  
Table ..... 1.25  
Clock ..... .98  
Lamp ..... .35  
2 pairs Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds. long ..... 3.00  
4-6 Iron Beds ..... 3.75  
Woven Wire Spring ..... 2.50  
Soft Top Mattress ..... 2.75  
\$36.69  
The whole outfit for \$29.99  
\$5.00 Down, \$1.00 a Week.

Bellefontaine & Co.  
197-199 Middlesex St.  
See our Ranges before buying.  
Old ones taken on trade.

# AUTO A WRECK FIREBUG IS BUSY

## Two Police Officers Seriously Injured Three Fires in Boston's North End

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 25.—Frank E. Demers and Lawrence Dugan, members of the New Bedford police force, are at the Rhode Island hospital unconscious and in a precarious condition as the result of an auto accident which occurred in this city at 39 South Main street, Providence, R. I., on Monday evening. Proprietor Edward H. Venn of the Park hotel, New Bedford, invited the officers to accompany him to Central Falls in his auto, promising to get them home early last night. The party came to this city about 10 o'clock.

On Silver Spring avenue Venn turned out to avoid a wagon, and ran forward against the curb, throwing his guests out upon their heads. Both were badly hurt on the temples. Efforts to revive them proved fruitless, and an ambulance conveyed both to the hospital. Each had sustained a fracture of the skull, and their injuries will probably result fatally. Demers' chest is crushed, the broken ribs having punctured his lung. His left knee and right arm are dislocated. His condition precludes an operation. Dugan was getting up on his feet, but his condition is not the best, and he is unable to get into the ambulance and is undrunk. The carriage is a complete wreck.

BOXING GOSSIP

THE FOLLOWING BOUTS ARE SCHEDULED FOR THIS WEEK.

TUESDAY.  
Al DeMont vs. Mike Malone, and Billy Connerty vs. Johnny Mahan, Lynn, Mass., R. I.

WEDNESDAY.  
Dave Desher vs. Young Egan, Jim Lloyd vs. J. Mahan and Fred O'Brien vs. Al Bates, Lincoln club, Chelsea.  
Mike Schreck vs. Miner Rogers, Terry Hunte.

THURSDAY.  
Kid Sealer vs. Phil Knight, Lewiston, Me.  
Jim Potts vs. Harry Lewis, Terry Hunte.

FRIDAY.  
Jimmy Gardner vs. Babe Smith, Denver.  
Dick Hyland vs. Eddie Hanlon, San Francisco.  
George Smith vs. Zamboni, Beaver Falls, Penn.

Al Martin vs. J. McClelland, Warren, Penn.  
Arthur Cole vs. Peter Sullivan, Bedford.

W. Smithham vs. J. Crowe Everett, Wash.

SATURDAY.  
Joe Thomas vs. Harry Lewis, Philadelphia.  
Martin Hart vs. Mike Schreck, Bellevue, Ky.

Interest of boxing fans is this week centered on contests to be held at the Lincoln A. C., Chelsea, Wednesday night.

Young Ernie of Philadelphia, who is to meet Dave Desher of Cambridge in the main bout of 15 rounds has never been seen here. Judging from his record, he is a tough proposition, having made good against such boxers as Neary, Atoll, Young Corbett and other top notchers. He is very fast and clever and has always made a hit whenever he has boxed. Desher met him once in Philadelphia, but as that bout was limited to six rounds, the Cambridge boy was handicapped as he is not a short distance boxer. With the limit of 15 rounds, Desher feels confident that he can defeat Ernie.

Ernie of the latter claim that Ernie has been up his game for 15 rounds just as well as he can for six rounds and they look to see Ernie put Desher away. They will probably be disappointed in this, for although Desher has not just as hard customers as Ernie is likely to be, he has never taken the count.

Joe now is a better boxer in every way than he was when he fought Ernie in the Quaker city, and his friends figure he will get the victory. Since he began training under the direction of Sam Longford, he has been showing good speed as well as cleverness, and his hand with both hands. It will be an interesting contest. The semifinal and opening bouts will also be good.

Jimmy Gardner who is to meet Tuba Smith at Denver Friday night, is a sonably sure of winning. He knocked out Smith in five rounds in Denver a couple of years ago, and as Gardner is a better boxer today than he was then it ought to be easy for him to repeat.

According to the bookies of Mike Schreck's manager, Schreck has two bouts on for this week. He may throw up the one with Rogers in Terry Hunte for Wednesday night so that he will be all night when he meets Martin Hart in Kentucky Saturday afternoon. They appeared in a four-round bout in New York last year and those who saw it declared it to be one of the poorest exhibitions they ever witnessed. Hart has not done any boxing since Tommy Burns made him look like a novice in Los Angeles Saturday night. He is probably a better boxer today than he was then.

The authorities in Chicago would not let Banning Nelson box in the theatre in that city, so he had to give wrestling exhibitions. Billy Nolan claims it was a case of spite.

San Antonio is going to start for San Francisco today. Jack O'Brien about their proposed match.

Al Kaufman will probably have for his next opponent Jim Barry, the heavyweight that John L. Sullivan discovered. A Spokane club has made him an offer.

Kid Gordon has received and accepted an offer to box Steve Kinney in Davenport, Oct. 9.

Young Lenny of South Boston, who boxed in several preliminary bouts at Chelsea, is in Montreal looking for a match. Alf Lynch of Quebec has received an offer to box him in Montreal.

Harry Edels was not under the management of Steve Mahoney when he fought Cate at Haverhill the other night. Mahoney gave Edels his release before the bout because he did not like the way Edels had been acting.

Jack Johnson, who is now in Philadelphia, is again after a bout with Al Kaufman, who is also in the Quaker city.

Joe Jeannette and George Cole have been signed by a Lawrence club to box 12 rounds in a couple of weeks.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Three incendiary fires in North End tenement houses within 20 minutes started the residents of that section about 11 o'clock last night and kept the firemen on the jump. Two of the fires were discovered in the incident stage, and were extinguished with slight damage and with little damage to the lives of the occupants, but the third was a large tenement block, 73 to 75 Endicott street, in the rear of St. Mary's parochial school, and it placed in peril the lives of more than 20 men, women and children.

The firemen applied the torch in the basement in each instance. Little trouble was experienced by the person who set the fires in gaining entrance to the cellars, as the doors of nearly all the houses were unlocked, and there was practically a free entrance to the basements in each instance.

Nothing up whatever waste paper, tacks or kindling were close at hand, the pile was ignited, and then the fire quickly developed. Then in his first attempt, he made a second, and when this was discovered he got a third blaze in a house far enough away from the first so that the fire might gain good headway.

The firemen and police of the North End are anxious to get these fires, as last Tuesday night two incendiary fires within a short distance of each other were started about midnight.

Pennsylvania has already sent three men to the hospital.

Harvard's two seasons a day will come to an end Wednesday.

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# Bon Ami

## The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap  
A Metal Polish  
A Glass Cleaner

They are both from the Boston (Vt.) team, Carroll being an outfielder and a heavy hitter and Burroughs a fast infielder.

Land Laidman's throw-down of the Chicago "Cubs" last week was the second game-down that club had received in 25 games, and as Mr. Potter followed that up with another victory, the Cubs went away with a record of three defeats in 29 games, and Boston administered two more for which to remember the Bostonians of 1906.

"I took an awful chance when I brought Powell and O'Connor back here," said McAlister of the St. Louis Browns the other day. "Every wise guy in baseball said I was crazy to bother with them, and it would have been me to the toll gate if they had fallen down on the club. I have been singularly fortunate in getting good results out of men who enjoy the reputation of being hard to handle, and I'll take a chance with Kelley or any other good man whom I think would strengthen the Browns."

Chicago got going by landing Dougherty and Hahn. Neither addition cost much, says Laidman in the St. Louis Star. He says that if the Browns had secured one of those men, and stationed him at shortstop, he would have been strengthened fully 30 per cent. All season long the Browns have been in the happy position of being able to crawl into, first, second or third position if the team had been just a little stronger. But the management stood pat, and now when the real battle is on, and it meets with some ill-fortune, the stuff is off.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

The games will be held at the Centre town hall at 8 o'clock this evening and as there is great interest in the different contests a large vote is expected. A special car furnished by Mr. Dunbar will leave Adams square for the Centre at 7:10, while another furnished by

John Gangel will not go to Cincinnati next season.

Lincoln's (Neb.) center fielder is appropriately named Ketchum.

Former last six games to Pittsburgh this year to force a landing one.

Monte Cross, it is reported, will next year manage a Tri-State league club.

Secretary Navin of Detroit now alleges that Armour was too lenient with the players.

"Chet" Zimmer will cut out managing next season, and be a southern league umpire.

George Stone of the St. Louis Americans has already made more hits than he made all last season.

Arlo Latham will winter in Savannah, having obtained a situation with the Atlantic Coast line.

Fred Goldsmith, once the crack pitcher of the Chicago Nationals, is tending bar in Albuquerque, N. M.

Outfielder Harry Bay of the Cleveland Indians is still troubled with his injured knee and is nursing it at his home in Peoria.

Fig "Cy" Young has not given a base in four out of his last five games. In his last six games he struck out 40 men.

President Selden recently had a communication from his former manager, Frank Seale, urging him to secure one of his clubs.

Nashville, Little Rock, Shreveport and Montgomery were financial losers this year. Memphis had its most prosperous season.

McIntyre, the York (Pa.) pitcher, secured 34 games out of 45. Corbitt 21 out of 22. Belling 19 out of 31. Deescher 15 out of 27.

Frank Chance says that Fromme, the new pitcher of the St. Louis Nationals, secured from Springfield, Ill., is a very good man. In Fromme, Druet, Beebe, McIntyre, Karger and Brown McCloskey has a good string.

Coutley of the Athletics of Philadelphia will fill this fall in the dental department of the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Jones is anxious to devote all his time to study, in order that he may pass the state medical board.

Fred Collins led the Tri-State league in batting, with a percentage of .32; Scott of Johnston, second, with .32; Unglaub, .31; Hartley, .30; Schriver, .29; Mike O'Neill, .28. Rayner, the Boston National leaguer, hit for .29, Fred Clay for .29, Wolverton .25, Sebring .24.

There's the luckiest man in baseball, bar none," says Jack Taylor to Catcher Alec Smith of the New York Nationals. "I'll bet he has played fewer games in the last 10 years than any other player in the world who has been steadily in harness. Always has a good job; never has to work."

Manager Donovan of the Wilkesbarre team of the New York State league has secured two new players who give much promise. They are Frank Carroll and Harry Burton of the Northern New York

Over the Line

DELEGATES TO CONVENTION.

At the democratic caucus held in the town hall at Pelham, N. H., Saturday, the following delegates were elected:

To the state convention to be held at Concord, Sept. 25, 12, Chester Gage and E. M. Woodbury.

To the congressional and councillor convention to be held at Manchester, Sept. 26, Wm. D. Smith and Martin L. Jones.

To the senatorial convention to be held at Nashua, Sept. 27, Daniel C. Burns and L. J. Moorfield.

To the county convention at Nashua, Sept. 27, Henry E. Titcomb and Frank P. Gage.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GOOD COAL

The Only Kind We Keep

That will burn freely, is the kind of coal I keep on hand at my yard, 53 Meadowcroft St. Nothing but the best grade. We buy of the Philadelphia & Reading and Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Companies.

Mill Kindling, Slab and Hard Wood for Stove and Fireplace on Hand Give Us A Call

W. T. GRIFFIN

Office and Wood Yard, 189 Appleton St. Telephone 693-2

Fountain Pen

On presentation of this coupon and 59c at our store the holder will be entitled to a

Fully guaranteed Regular price 12

Geo. H. Wood

137 to 151

Central Street.

## HOW TO COOK

Are you learning to cook? The cooks of the Household Department of the Boston Daily Globe will teach you how to put ingredients together, how long to bake, in fact, anything you want to know about cooking. Read the Boston Globe every day.

## WHY DON'T YOU VISIT WOBURN BY TROLLEY?

Via Billerica and Burlington? One of the most delightful of Trolley Trips from Lowell. Finest scenery all the way.

SEE Pinehurst Park Count Rumford's Birthplace And All the Many Interesting Sight of the Interesting City of Woburn.

OPEN AIR ROLLER SKATING Good music and the pleasantest place in all New England is at WILLOW DALE

New York Excursions By Trolley and Boat

Trolley by special new semi-converter-tide cars without change from Lowell to Fall River, thence by boat to the metropolitan.

\$3.50 ROUND TRIP \$3.50

Care leave Tuesdays, Sept. 25 and Oct. 2, and 12, arriving back in Lowell on the Friday following.

Two days and one night in New York. Two beautiful night sails on Long Island Sound.

Two of the finest of trolley trips on splendid new cars with all conveniences, including toilet.

An Ideal Outing

For tickets, stationery and further information apply at office of the Boston and Northern St. Ry. Co.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW, Matinee and Night.

William A. Brady's Production of

WAY DOWN EAST

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.—Special Bargain Matinee, 25c, 35c, 50c. Seats on Sale.

ONE NIGHT—THURSDAY, SEPT. 27TH.

GIRLS WILL BE GIRLS

With AL LEECH and the THREE ROSEBUDS.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Seats on Sale.

Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Sept. 28, 29.

Julius Cahn Presents

DAVID HARUM

Exactly as presented in the Garrick Theatre, New York.

Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c.

CAHN & GRANT OWNERS-MANAGERS.

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW, Matinee and Night.

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Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Sept. 28, 29.



# FIRED ON POLICE

ATLANTA, Sept. 25.—The reports of a shooting in various parts of Atlanta last night, after careful investigation, have resolved themselves to one fatal fight between a number of county policemen and a mob of unknown number of negroes.

In the fight, which took place in South Atlanta, about three miles from the city center, and in the vicinity of Clark university, a negro institution, county policeman James L. Heard was killed. Four other officers were wounded, and three policemen were missing at last reports.

The number of negroes dead may never be known, but the officers in the darkness, claim to have captured from 8 to 15 dead or dying.

County Police on Heard, with several officers and to others sworn in as deputies, branding that negroes were gathered there, went to disperse them. As they approached, McDemough, a negro, unknown number of negroes, hidden behind trees and under houses, fired a volley.

Twelve companies of military with the 20 city and county police remained on guard, patrolling the streets of the entire city last night.

The soldiers have been shot of all day and will remain closed until further orders.

The city schools opened this morning, and with an attendance almost normal. Some white pupils of the State school were stoned, but a squad of police gave them protection. The police were stationed at each of the schools.

Also were issued yesterday, for the purpose of the school of the city, a circular without the written order of the military authorities.

The shooting of 25th June, a negro of East Point, a suburb, eight miles north of the city, yesterday, has been the most exciting event of the last 24 hours.

Long was arrested Sunday evening, carried with a severely injured, and was taken to the East Point jail, a prison structure, after midnight, and was held in the western half a mile from the town.

In the city police court yesterday, Judge Boyles sentenced the extreme practice of the law on six young white men, charged with being in riot, riding each 30 days in jail and branding them over to the city courts and then back to the city courts and then back to the city courts.

The grand jury yesterday brought in true bills against two negroes, charged with assault with intent to commit criminal assault on two young white women.

Mayor Woodward yesterday issued an order that all boys under 17 years must keep off the streets after 8 at night. He has also a list of all adults to remain in their homes at night until the present trouble has passed.

The number of dead as a result of the riots, thus far, is still a matter of uncertainty. The police have the names of the negroes known to have been killed and one unknown dead negro is held at an undertaker's office here.

A squad of Missouri militia on duty in a house yesterday last night, surprised and dispersed a company of negroes drilling on a back street. A group of negro boys, 15 to 18 years old, beat a young white boy yesterday afternoon until he took a refuge in a house.

# EXCITEMENT RUNS HIGH!!

## Politics Almost Forgotten in the Square

News of the Sale of the Bell Co. Stock at 40 Cents on the Dollar the Cause

Another charge was made yesterday on the store, 31-41 Merrimack street, where \$50,000 of guaranteed clothing, furnishings and shoes is being sold at 40c on the dollar. "Bell Co. stock" caused such a crowd as never before was known in Lowell.

Lowell never witnessed anything like it—people are coming from miles around to attend the sale because they get one dollar's worth of merchandise for 40c.

The entire new fall and winter stock—mostly made expressly for the Bell Company—is included in this sale.

Remember, this is the greatest sacrifice of high grade clothing, hats, furnishings and shoes ever held in Lowell.

These goods go on sale Monday and Tuesday; store opens at 7:30. Be on hand.

Men's handsome business suits, in blacks and fancy mixtures, that belong in the \$5, \$10 or \$12 class, go at \$4.90. Men's suits in cassimeres, tweeds, black or blue chevrons, usually sold at \$12, \$15 or \$18, go at \$7.90. Men's suits that sell usually at \$15 to \$20, double or single breasted, in black or blue chevrons, fancy woads or tweeds, go at \$9.90. Fine tailor-made suits in fancy woads and tweeds, black unfinished woads or black Thibet cloth, regularly selling at \$15 to \$25, go at \$11.90.

Men's trousers, tailor-made, latest styles and patterns, worth \$4, \$5 or \$6, go at \$2.90. Men's \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 trousers go at \$1.90. Men's working trousers, \$1.50 and \$2 grades, all sizes, woads and tweeds, go at 90c.

Young men's suits that were \$4, \$5

and \$6, sizes 14 to 19, go at \$1.90. Boys' \$1.50 and \$2.00 suits at 90c. Boys' \$3, \$4 and \$5 suits, sizes 3 to 7 (juniors and sailors), and 8 to 16 (double breasted), go at \$1.90.

Boys' knee trousers go at 14c, 24c and 44c, were 25c to \$1.00.

Boys' reefer that belong at \$5 to \$8, nobly styles and cloths, go at \$1.90. Boys' reefer, sizes 3 to 6 years, chin-chillies, meltons and cassimeres, worth \$3 and \$4, go at 90c.

Boys' underwear, all sizes, usually 35c, shirts or drawers, 19c.

Men's \$5, \$10 and \$12 fall overcoats go at \$4.90, light or dark colors.

Men's winter overcoats—hundreds of "em-latest styles and fabrics—worth \$10 to \$25, go at \$3.90, \$5.90, \$7.90 and \$9.90—better pick yours out at once.

Men's furnishings—50c and 75c shirts and drawers in jersey rib, blue or flesh color, and fleece lined, go at 39c.

25c necker, black, tan or fancy, go at 19c. Natural wool and camel's hair hose, 25c grade, at 12c.

Negligee shirts, 65c and 75c grade, all new patterns, go at 45c. Negligee shirts, \$1.50 grade, immense variety, at 85c.

Handkerchiefs, 10c kind, 3c; 25c suspenders, 10c.

Neckwear, all of the newest, all the latest—some that were 25c, 35c and 50c, choice 19c.

Without question the greatest opportunity ever offered the people of Lowell to buy guaranteed merchandise at less than cost of production.

Remember the great sale of the Bell Co.'s stock opens at 7:30 on Monday morning, at 31-41 Merrimack street, be on hand.

# McKENZIE KILLED



TERRY MARTIN, WHO KILLED JACK MCKENZIE AT PORTLAND.

## In Fifth Round of Boxing Bout at Portland

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 25.—Jack McKenzie of Philadelphia died to the ring at the Auditorium just before 11 last night as the result of a right swing to the throat by Terry Martin of Philadelphia. The fatal blow was given in the latter part of the fifth round of what was to have been a bout of 15 rounds. Jack Sheehan of Boston was the referee.

According to some of the spectators near the ring, the fight ending by the jaw was immediately preceded by a stiff uppercut over the head, which glanced up to the jaw. A black and blue spot was found over the heart, because of the doctors said that it was possible that McKenzie died from the shock of the uppercut.

The bout had been good as an exhibition, but there had not been a really effective blow struck, and not a trace of blood could be seen on either man. The last blow closed the round. McKenzie lay on his feet and apparently did not feel it.

The going sent the men to their corners, and Steve Mahoney turned his attention to his man, McKenzie, who walked lightly to his chair and sat down, but did not speak.

Suddenly McKenzie pitched forward and lay on the floor. Referee Sheehan lifted his hand as a signal that the bout was over, and said to those about the ring: "It is a knockout."

There was a call for a doctor, and in a few moments Dr. Lombard, Dodge, Robinson, Hinson, Porter and O'Brien responded and for almost an hour they tried every means they could think of to save his life. He was never conscious.

Inspector Quinn ordered the hall cleared. Once, for a moment, the doctors had a ray of hope, but the end was drawing near rapidly.

**PRIEST ADMINISTERS RITES.**  
Rev. Fr. Houlihan of the cathedral of the Immaculate Conception was called and administered the last rites of the church to the unconscious man.

It was a striking scene. Even while the priest discharged the duties of his sacred office the doctors worked desperately to save the life of the dying man.

Terry Martin, tears streaming from his eyes, stood close by his friend and late opponent, and helped to fan him. He did all that he could, and did not relax his efforts until Dr. Lombard said: "He is dead." Coroner Walter G. Hay took charge of the body. He took the names of the immediate witnesses, and will hold an inquest in the morning.

A postmortem examination of the body will be necessary in order to determine the exact cause of death.

McKenzie was substituted at the last moment for Herman Miller, who was advertised to box Terry Martin.

McKenzie was not swift enough for his better trained opponent, but he did well, was cool and collected, and showed good ring generalship.

In the last round McKenzie sent a right to the face, and Martin replied with a left to the jaw. Neither blow had great force. It was a good, swift, clean exhibition.

The second round was spirited, and the men did good work. Martin got in the more blows, but McKenzie sent rights to the face several times, although there was little force to his blows. Martin was very rapid and sent McKenzie to the ropes.

Martin did most of the work in the third round and got a staggering left to the face, but the fourth round found McKenzie ready, and it was very good fighting. Martin landed some good blows and McKenzie a line left to jaw.

Then came the fatal fifth round. It opened with a rush in the center of the ring with a give-and-take system. McKenzie fought well, and his last, peal blow, a left to the face, was well delivered. Then Martin sent a left to the jaw and a right swing took McKenzie to the throat, and it was over.

Jack Sheehan was at once by Martin and Martin, when he saw that McKenzie was dead, called as he bent over the body.

Marshal Waterhouse took the matter at once under consideration and ordered all concerned to meet at his office.

Martin and his brother, who acted as his second, Steve Mahoney of Boston, McKenzie's manager, Referee Jack Sheehan, and John Culey, the manager of the contest, went to the police station immediately after McKenzie's death and remained there to await the action of County Attorney W. C. Eaton.

McKenzie was 25 years old. Martin is one of the best known welterweight

# TWO ARRESTED

In New York Murder Mystery

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The first arrest growing out of the police investigation of the murder of the man who disappeared last night, was made yesterday. A body was found, wrapped in a blanket, in an excavation near West 13th street, about 100 feet from the site of the murder. The body was found by a police officer, and was taken to the morgue. The man who disappeared last night, was a man named John Doe, who was a member of the New York Police Department. The man who disappeared last night, was a man named John Doe, who was a member of the New York Police Department.

The prisoner was John Doe, aged 35, and George Doe, aged 25. The search for the man who disappeared last night, was a man named John Doe, who was a member of the New York Police Department.

One of the victim's clothes was found yesterday in a trench on West 13th street, which had been found in the trench. A butcher knife, with which the murder and subsequent mutilation is supposed to have been done, was also found.

John Doe, who was reported missing from his home on West 13th street, and who was thought possibly to have been the victim, was located yesterday in a hospital in New Jersey.

Last night's arrests were made upon the theory that the murdered man was "Black" Mann, brother of Z. M. Mann, in whose name the fence was found. There was said to be ground for the belief that the prisoner had threatened "Black" Mann on account of a money deal. Last night Inspector Walsh said he was convinced that "Black" Mann was alive.

# THE GRAND JURY

To Investigate More Bribery Charges

HAVERHILL, Sept. 25.—The grand jury resumed its session in Lawrence today, when the investigation of the awarding of the contract of the plans of the new \$105,000 high school will be continued.

That Atty. Peters had evening board summonses for witnesses, and among them are Commissioner Harry R. Lord, Commissioner John L. Kemp and Inspector of Buildings Robert E. Mitchell. Atty. Frank R. Goodwin, the witness heard by the grand jury, was summoned to appear again today and was his brother, Leighton R. Goodwin, the latter having testified last Friday. State Officer Wells was also in town yesterday, summoning other witnesses.

That Atty. Peters spring another sensation last evening, when his summoned Daniel P. Clancy and John J. Murphy to attend the grand jury session today. Mr. Clancy is a candidate for the republican nomination for representative against Representative Daniel P. Clancy, and at a rally last Friday evening he charged a rally official with having used money a year ago at a campaign in ward 4.

# Our Sale of Black Petticoats

far exceeds our expectations, which proves to us that the ladies of Lowell appreciate well made and high quality garments. You will find the same bargains offered today as on Monday and for the benefit of those who did not read our advertisement we again offer Tuesday morning, until 12 o'clock, 69c black sateen petticoats for

29c

THE UNDERWEAR STORE  
WHITE  
114 MERRIMACK ST.

Lowell, Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1906

# A. G. POLLARD & CO.

The Store for Thrifty People

\$1 and \$1.25

# DRESS GOODS

For 69c a yard

New Fabrics — All Wool

For Fall and Winter Wear

Our inventory from the mills show thousands of yards for you to choose from, of the newest and best all wool Dress Goods made for this season's wear. Remnants of the finest novelties made in this country including all the plain and fancy weaves in the most popular colorings. Full 44 inches wide, \$1.00 and \$1.25 goods, only

69c a yard

Now on Sale, Palmer Street, Right Aisle.

# FALL MODELS OF IVY CORSETS — READY

A year with this comparatively new corset makes us confident of its leadership in the corset world. Made from soft clinging baliste or from the finest of domestic weaves these corsets are at all times graceful as well as the most durable. The makers claim of the Ivy Corsets that they are the name of the corset maker's art. Try the Ivy Corsets with your fall gown, you'll see the difference, feel the difference and time will show you the difference in wear.

Remember the Ivy Motto, "It Clings."

We're the local agents for Ivy Corsets. Pleased to show them to you, or better still "a fitting." All prices beginning at \$1.

West Section, Right Aisle.



# THE PROBLEM

of settling on the purchase place of your winter's coal supply, resolve it—into deciding on relative merits of the commodity offered, for you will find the price about the same. My bid for favor rests upon full measure, honest weight, free-burning, clean coal with little ash and less slate or clinker-making components. In addition I promise prompt delivery. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

John P. Quinn

Office and Yards, Gorham and Dix Sts. Take any Gorham Street car.

# HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS

AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or official names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup"—and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.





with the pledge that I would, if I have an administration of my

# Dreadnought, the World's Greatest Warship

Great Britain's Leviathan  
Built In Record Time and  
Ready For Her Steam Trial

Driven by Turbines, This Ocean Greyhound  
Among Battleships Displaces 18,000  
Tons and Can Hurl Over  
Four Tons of Metal  
a Minute

United States Planning to  
Build Rival Ship Longer Than  
The Washington Monument

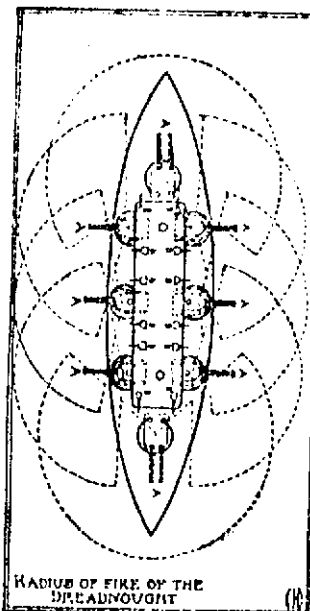
THE giant of the seas is almost ready for war, and England is overjoyed because her navy is at least a year and a half in advance of the navies of the world. Her new battleship, the Dreadnought, the most remarkable warship ever built, is practically equipped with all the latest machinery of locomotion. Unless some unforeseen event necessitates delay the Dreadnought will have its steam trial in a few days. The ceremony with which the Dreadnought is being built is establishing a new record in naval construction.

Started in October, 1905, and launched on Feb. 10 last, it is expected that the Dreadnought will be completed by February, 1907, six months less than the usual time for constructing vessels of 15,000 tons displacement. And the new record will be made with an 18,000 ton vessel, the largest ship of war ever laid down.

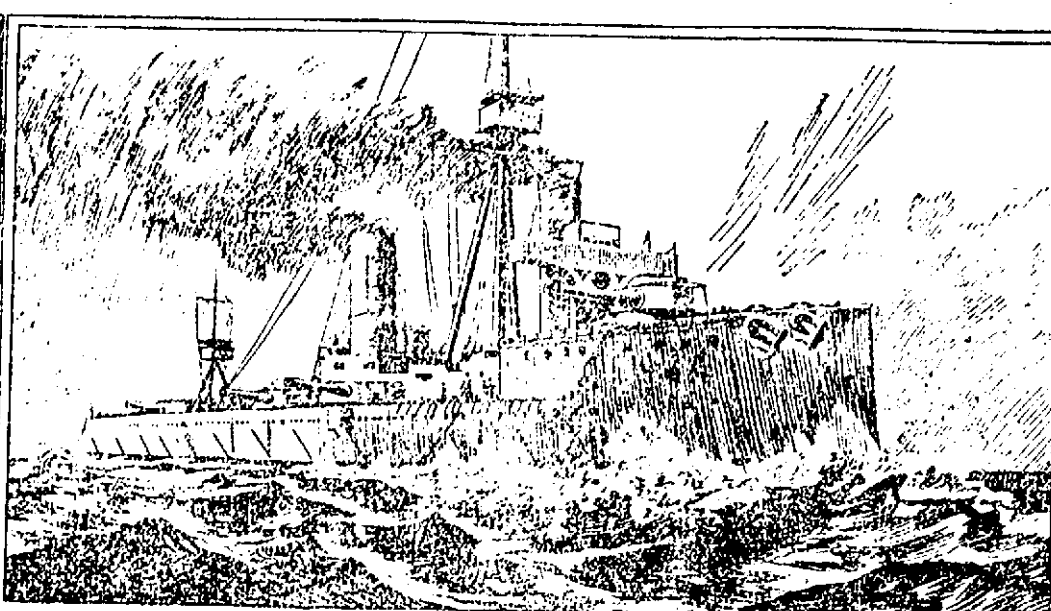
Sheer size is not the only remarkable thing about the Dreadnought, although most of the other novel features depend necessarily upon her immensity. She is the greatest fighting machine ever built by any nation. Let us hope that she will never have to prove it, but she has been created so that she might prove it if occasion should arise. Until then or until some greater monster is built, the process of the Dreadnought will be a generally accepted fact.

The most striking feature of the Dreadnought is the enormous concentration of offensive and defensive energy. In the way of armament she will have ten twelve-inch guns and the usual auxiliary batteries of rapid fire guns for repelling torpedo boat attacks. Aside from the latter, all the gun metal has been designed to fire the greatest number of the largest projectiles the greatest distance possible for a warship.

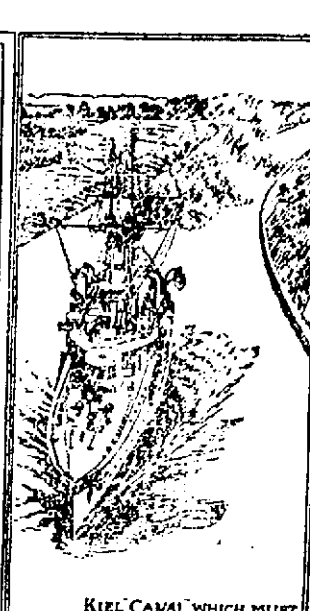
The Dreadnought's defensive qualities mark a gain in naval science. Her armor protection is thick enough to



RADIUS OF FIRE OF THE DREADNOUGHT



THE DREADNOUGHT READY TO MEET THE FOE.



KIEL CANAL WHICH MUST BE WIDENED

resist the direct impact of twelve-inch shells at a distance of 3,000 yards. Great care has been taken in planning the under-structure body so as to furnish reasonable immunity from torpedoes and mines.

With all its massiveness, the Dreadnought is intended to be a greyhound among warships. She will be the first more easily and smoothly maneuvered by turbine engines. She will have four propellers, two more than any previous built British battleship. Her average sea speed will be twenty-two

knots an hour, placing her almost in the class of crack cruisers. She was not made to run from anything, but to fight. Most of these changes will not be apparent until the great ship has been thoroughly equipped.

The Dreadnought is a progressive

type of vessel and in case of battle will follow to a marked degree the tactics of big ships in modern naval warfare. That is, fighting at long range, the Dreadnought's gun power. The new twelve-inch gun, such as is being constructed for the Dreadnought, can easily fire per minute one projectile, weighing 850 pounds, at a

velocity of 3,250 feet per second and at an effective fighting range of five miles. American battleships of today carry only four twelve-inch guns or four thirteen-inch guns in addition to cannon of smaller caliber, and their twelve-inch guns are effective against ordinary warships at three and one-half miles at the most, and against such a vessel as the Dreadnought at a much lesser distance.

With the necessary speed and the maneuvering capacity the Dreadnought could keep out of range of the longest

range and fire as at target practice, one minute being followed by others, the effect will be annihilating. To this length has the contest for sea power gone, and even this is not the end.

Germany was the first to take action upon hearing that the Dreadnought was being constructed. It was soon announced that the Kiel canal was to be widened at an expense of many million dollars to admit vessels of the Dreadnought type. That means that Germany will soon have warships of that size or larger.

The United States has not been backward in following the example of the other great powers. Congress at the last session decided to build a warship even larger than the Dreadnought. That we may profit from the good and bad points of the latter vessel our new giant of the ocean will not be started until after the Dreadnought has been completed and equipped in every detail. The navy department is now making the plans and will report to congress at the coming session, when the necessary money will be appropriated. Many points in its construction and equipment already have been decided upon.

The Dreadnought will cost at least \$7,500,000. Congress will spend as much more for our new warships as is necessary.

Instead of 18,000 tons displacement it will have at least 20,000. The Dreadnought is 500 feet in length; by fifty feet it will be longer than the Washington monument is tall. Instead of ten twelve-inch guns our ship will have twelve, and it is hoped to make them even more powerful than those of the Dreadnought. In the matters of improved armor, increased speed, and other superior qualities, every effort will be made to produce the greatest warship the world has ever known. It will probably be named the Constitution, a fitting tribute to Old Transfer of hallowed memory.

THOMAS P. CARTER.

## The President's Private Secretary and His Many Troubles

THAT William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the president, has been sued by Nadage Dorce, a Jewish actress and authoress, for \$50,000 for damages for false arrest, proves that a superabundance of fact does not always ward off trouble. There is no doubt that Loeb has plenty of fact—everybody whom he has turned away from the president's private office will admit that. He had good naturally turned Miss Dorce away many times, because Mr. Roosevelt had already fully considered the subject, that Miss Dorce wanted to personally arrested for trying to denounce the president while he was attending services in St. John's Episcopal church at Oyster Bay for not calling upon congress to intervene for the Jews in Russia. Because she was arrested Miss Dorce blames Loeb.

When some of the newspapers were printing funny stories about Mr. Loeb during the last campaign, declaring that he was the "champion blamer" in America, because he was always willing to assume responsibility for anything that went wrong in the White House, Mr. Loeb laughed about it with the very men who wrote the yarns.

But one day his patience was taxed, although the incident ended with a laugh. The president's train had been delayed seven hours between Washington and New York while he was going to Oyster Bay. The next morning one of the New York papers had these startling headlines: "President's Train Water Bored, Loeb Not to Blame."

"See here, boys," said the secretary to the newspaper reporters that day at Oyster Bay, "that's going too far."

"Very well," replied the reporter who had written the account. "I'll correct the story tomorrow and say you were to blame."

Among Mr. Loeb's multifarious duties as Mr. Roosevelt's right hand man is that of first seeing everybody who wants to see the president. Besides those who have legitimate business with him, every man who happens to have lost a federal position of any kind, no matter what the cause, and every crank who has a grievance against this or any other government, thinks that he has a right to lay the matter before the president of the United States and that it is the duty of the latter to apply a remedy. These are the kind of persons that get no further in the White House than Mr. Loeb.

Two presidential secretaries who were well known for their tact, good judgment and ease in handling visitors were Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, secretary to President Cleveland, and Elijah W. Halford, secretary to President Harrison. Always pleasant and courteous, they displayed wonderful discretion in giving out important information to the newspapers, in making appointments with the president, and more difficult than all, in refusing them. One of the best stories told about Lamont was how he disposed of a woman who had decided to camp in the White House until she could obtain an interview with Mr. Cleveland.

As Mr. Lamont was passing out of the main White House door his attention was attracted to a colloquy between two doorknopers and a sharp voiced spinster of severe aspect.

"I'm going to see him whether you



WILLIAM LOEB, JR.

AN EXCITED FEMALE

STORY OF HIS LIFE

want me to or not," she was saying to the doorknopers as Mr. Lamont passed by on his way out. "He's nothing but a servant of the people, and I'm one of the people. I'll see him if I have to stay here a thousand years and wait."

Mr. Lamont walked over to the spinster with the grievance.

"I'm sorry, madam," he said, "that I can't see you, because he's not in the White House, nor, in fact, in Washington. He went down Chesapeake bay this morning on a little hunting trip and won't be back for two or three days," which was the truth.

"All right, then," said the determined spinster, never budging from her chair. "I'll wait right here in the White House till he gets back."

"But," said Mr. Lamont, rubbing his chin thoughtfully and smiling, "would that be exactly proper, do you think? I sleep here nights during Mr. Cleveland's absence, and there is no lady staying in the building at present. And I observe that you are unchaperoned, are you not?"

"The Goddess of Justice will be sufficient chaperon for me, sir," replied the spinster, although she was plainly mollified by the secretary's courteous tone and deferential manner.

"True, true," said Mr. Lamont, "but—er—who could I get to—er—chaperon me, I wonder?" This in a thoughtful tone.

"Oh, well, never mind. I'll return when Mr. Cleveland gets back," said the spinster, rising from her seat, and the trick was done.

Halford also had a keen sense of humor, and he frequently brought it into play at the visitor's expense with-

out the latter knowing it—in fact, the visitor always went away pleased. One day a man stormed into Halford's office in a rage over what he regarded as his unjust dismissal from a clerkship in the treasury department.

"You're Halford, ain't you—the fellow like that we read about so much?" he cried.

"Me—that lightweight?" was the secretary's instant disclaimer. "Mr. Halford?" Where did you get that idea? My name's Spinks, and I'm just a clerk here. Halford's out of town. Say, don't call me Halford that way again. I don't like it."

"So you, too, know what an ass he is, hey?" chimed in the wrathful visitor. "I came here to tell him what I think of him. He's the scoundrel who's been laying hold of all the papers in my case that I've been sending the president, so that the president has never seen one of them."

"That so?" said the secretary innocently. "Well, that's Halford for you. He's doing that all the time. Lot of complaint about it. Thinks he's the whole works. Makes a specialty of holding things back from the president that the president ought to know about. But, man, don't tell me your troubles. You come back here when Halford's in—he'll be back week after next—and tell him. And, say, let him have it good. I'd like to be by when you give it to him. He and I don't get along a little bit. Meantime tell me about your papers, and I'll look 'em up and write to you about 'em."

The violent man quickly settled down, and "Spinks" made a few notes on his blotting pad, and the visitor departed.

JOHN J. BARGER.

## Major Rathbone's Remarkable Fight For His Honor

MAJOR ESTES G. RATHBONE, director general of posts in Cuba during the American occupation and convicted of mismanagement of his office and public funds, has astonished the government authorities as well as the public by his persistent endeavors to obtain a reopening of his case and a new trial.

"I will keep knocking at the door of congress as long as I live if necessary, in order to get justice," Rathbone says. The late United States Senator Mark Hanna was the first prominent man to espouse the cause of the discredited official, and now other notables, as well as the Ohio legislature, are attempting to gain a new hearing for him. The Ohio legislature at its last session unanimously passed a joint resolution asking that an inquiry into the Rathbone imbroglio be held.

It is in President Roosevelt's power to grant or to refuse Rathbone his wish, and considerable influence is being brought to bear on the president from people on both sides of the controversy—those who side with Rathbone and those who for various reasons desire all publicity in the matter to cease.

The particular point in Rathbone's petition for a new trial that may win him success in his arduous quest is the fact that his hearing was conducted along lines not as impartial as those existing in this country. He was tried by a Cuban court, under proceedings based on old Spanish law, and the system of government then in control in Cuba existed but a brief period after

his conviction. There were many difficulties, too, in the way of a successful attempt to obtain a review on appeal in Cuba at that time. Ex parte depositions were also accepted in evidence, which had been taken in the United States without notice to Rathbone. This lack of notice prevented the accused from having counsel on hand at the taking of such depositions to cross examine the witnesses. In this country the use of such depositions without notice is not permitted under an act of congress which was dated June 6, 1900.

He claims that the testimony of the chief witness against him would have been ruled out in American courts. This witness was not put under oath, as he appeared as a co-defendant with Rathbone. Under such circumstances in Cuban procedure a witness need not be sworn.

Rathbone has always been particularly bitter against Major General Leonard Wood, present military commander in the Philippines, who at the time of Rathbone's troubles was director general of Cuba. If Rathbone's case is reopened General Wood will probably have to return to this country to appear on the witness stand. Perry S. Heath, former first assistant postmaster general of the United States, is another man at whom Rathbone points the accusing finger. When Rathbone was accused of conspiring with his assistants, Charles F. Neely of Muncie, Ind., and W. H. Reeves (both of whom were convicted in Cuba) to defraud the government, Rathbone stated that



ESTES G. RATHBONE.

LEONARD WOOD.

on him; that statements that he had appointed the men "because he knew they would assist him in his schemes" were false. To prove this he offered in testimony a letter from Heath, of which the following is an alleged extract:

"I intended to say to you when you were here that there is one man, Charles F. Neely of Muncie, Ind., who wants to go into the Cuban service, in whom I am more interested than any other man among the thousands of applicants for positions of that character."

A second letter from George M. Allen, acting first assistant postmaster general, to Mr. Neely was also made public. It tells Neely that he has been appointed a clerk in the military postal service at a salary of \$1,800 a year and directs him to report to Rathbone. Rathbone says he had never seen Neely until he reported to him for duty. Likewise, he had never heard of W. H. Reeves until he appeared in Havana, armed with a letter from Mr. Heath, announcing his appointment and directing him to report to Rathbone.

To the charges that he had paid personal servants and other private expenses from the postal funds, Rathbone's reply is that if he was guilty of that, General Wood was guilty also, and much more so. He avers that the general bought household goods at a Philadelphia store and paid for them from insular funds and that he employed two coachmen and a hostler who were paid from public funds. Many of Wood's subordinates, he says, incurred the same kind of expenses,

also he charges General Wood with having paid various of the newspaper writers and correspondents in Cuba of the salary list and declares that they received vouchers for their pay. Furthermore, Rathbone says in his plea for an investigation that he reports his receipts and expenditures to the postmaster general regularly, and also to the military governor. "If these expenses were not considered proper," he says, "why was I not advised when I reported them officially?"

The entire amount alleged on all counts to have been embezzled by the convicted trio and their supposed agents reached the imposing sum of \$150,000, and the Cuban government still contends that Rathbone further owes it about \$64,000, represented by vouchers which he handed in and which were thrown out as fraudulent. The original sentence suggested by the Cuban court to be imposed on Rathbone was a fine of \$150,000 and imprisonment for twenty-five years. However, his penalty was later modified.

Should Rathbone's present campaign for a hearing fail, he will begin again on new lines. If President Roosevelt and congress thrust him aside, he will wait for a new president and a new congress to be elected and try again, he declares. If at the end of twenty years he still lives and rests under the odium of his present status, he will fight on, he says, for what he believes are his rights under the constitution and according to his idea of the principles of modern justice.

FRED J. NANKIN.





